10 Pages.

The Columbian.

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VOL 31 BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1896. NO. 6

FEBRUARY COURT.

A Small Attendance, Only Four Criminal Cases on the List.--George A. Buckingham Esq. Appointed Foreman of the Grand Jury.

The regular February term of Court opened Monday morning with only Hon. E. R. Ikeler, President Judge, on the bench. Associate Judge Millard, coming in a few minutes afterwards. The report of the reviewers on a private road in Benton township, near Samuel Rinard, in favor of a road, was confirmed nisi.

Upon petition of W. A. Maney, guardian of Emma Westbrook, he was allowed to pay her seventy-five dollars for necessary clothing.

The list of Grand Jurors was called, and the following excused from service. Samuel Cortwright, Josiah Coleman, O. F. Ferris, John Price, and G. H. Welliver. George A. Buckingham, of Berwick, was appointed foreman and the charge of the Court was very brief. He said, "the criminal list this term fortunately for the county is very small. There are only four cases, which consist of two for petty larceny, and two of fornication and bastardy. Were it not for the fact that one of the defendants is in jail, we would continue all the cases and discharge you. But the law provides that any one charged with the commission of a crime, shall have a speedy trial." He concluded his address to them by informing them as to their duties in the Grand Jury room. William C. Shaw was appointed tip stave to wait upon them. The Auditors report in the estate of Sarah Johnson deceased was filed and confirmed nisi.

Daniel Roach vs. Jacob R. Bowes. Auditor's report confirmed nisi.

The auditor's report in the estate of J. M. Hulshizer deceased was confirmed nisi.

In the matter of a County bridge in Benton township, near Benton Cole's, the report of the viewers in favor of a bridge was confirmed nisi.

The reports of the auditor in the estates of Samuel and Alice Hess deceased were confirmed nisi.

The trial list was called and the following cases were marked for trial: James K. Eyer's Ex. vs. George W. Sterner. School Furnishing Co. vs. Bloomsburg Belt Rail Road Co. A. C. Rohrbach vs. Charles Hughes, L. T. Rider vs. Mathias Gingles. David Persing vs. Thomas J. Hoffman, D. B. Beck vs. Catawissa Fibre Co.

Upon the petition of citizens of Millville Borough, J. C. Christian was appointed Burgess. A vacancy occurring by reason of the resignation of J. C. Patton.

The report of the reviewers on Jefferson street in town of Bloomsburg was confirmed nisi.

The Court said "that the law required that there be a constable at each election district during the election. Must be there when the polls are opened, and see that the board are sworn before the ballot box is opened, and remain there during the whole day. That the ballot used at the previous election must be destroyed, neither dare they divulge how any one voted. The box must be sealed, by placing on the box the name of the officer sealing it."

Exceptions to the report of reviewers on a public read in Benton township near Hiram Everett's filed, and at the same time a petition for re reviewers was filed. In the case of Martha A. Case vs. the D. L. and W. Rail Road Company the Sheriff was allowed to amend his return.

In the estate of J. M. Bowen deceased, the order of sale was continued until February 5, 1896.

The auditor in the estate of William Miller deceased, was continued until Saturday.

The order of sale in the estate of John Hummer deceased was continued until next term.

H. A. McKillip Esq. was continued as Auditor in the estate of G. W. Adams deceased.

N. C. Oblosser, was appointed constable to attend the election in East Greenwood township.

William Chrisman Esq. was continued as Auditor in the estate of E. O. Jackson deceased.

The order to viewers to lay out, and vacate a public road in Scott township were continued until next term.

Sale of real estate ordered in the estate of Margaret Kostenbauder deceased.

The Auditor's report in the estate of Daniel Zarr deceased was confirmed nisi.

Petition of William Rechel, guardian, to sell real estate in Catawissa presented and granted. A petition was also presented asking that Catawissa be divided into two wards. Upon petition Jesse Mensch was authorized to sell real estate of John Notestein deceased. The Register presented his accounts which were confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed in four days they will be confirmed absolute by the Court. The order to viewers on a public road in Sugarloaf township near J. B. Davis was continued, and the same disposition was made of an order to viewers on a County bridge in the same township near Herbert Harrington. In the estate of A. J. Evans, the order of sale was continued. In the estate of John Appleman deceased the order of sale as to the tract known as the "Buckhorn farm" was continued until next term. Guy Jacoby Esq. was continued as Auditor in the estate of Samuel Coleman deceased. In the assigned estate of William Neal, the order of sale as to tract No. 7, known as the McClure farm was continued. The reports of sale in the estate of David Achenbach, and William Beck were confirmed nisi.

In the case of Lavina Rabuck vs. S. H. and W. R. R. Company, the motion for a new trial was refused. This was the time fixed for the hearing in the application of Maria Ranck for a discharge under the insolvent laws. Owing to the absence of counsel for the County Commissioners, the matter was continued until Tuesday afternoon. In the matter of the application of Delilah Sterner, for a rule to show cause why re-reviewers should not be appointed on the assessment of damages on West Street, the matter was continued for the present.

The return to the order of sale in the assigned estate of I. W. McKelvy was confirmed nisi.

D. C. Montgomery vs. H. C. Royer, Interpleader. Case continued until next Monday. The Court stated that the attorneys must be prepared to proceed with their cases on Monday. They must have their witnesses in attendance. If not they would be nonsuited, or obliged to go at the bottom of the list. Report of viewers in favor of a public road near Harrison Kreischer in Roaringcreek township confirmed nisi.

A petition was presented asking for the appointment of viewers on a bridge over Chilisquaque creek, in Madison township, near Jacob Wintersteen. The following disposition was made of cases on the criminal calendar. Commonwealth vs. Hervy Furman, continued. Same vs. Florence Donahue, continued. Commonwealth vs. Edward Walsh, the defendant had not been apprehended. Commonwealth vs. P. C. Black, Nol Pros. allowed upon payment of costs. Com. vs. William Lockard continued. Com. vs. Charles Creasy, Recognizance forfeited to be respited by appearance of defendant at next term.

Commonwealth vs. Clark Fegley, Nol Pros allowed upon payment of costs. Com. vs. Harry Wheatly and Charles Millard. Recognizance forfeited to be respited by the appearance of the defendants at the next term. Com. vs. Collins McHenry, case settled. In the estate of Lloyd Rarig, sale of real estate ordered for the payment of debts. The license application of Harvey Deiterick was disposed of by the Court granting the license. In the estate of Samuel Hess, deceased sealed bids were filed.

The Grand Jury returned true bills in the cases of the Commonwealth vs. Harry Shultz and Charles Watts larceny, and in the one against George W. Gearhart, incest and bastardy.

The first case called was that of the Commonwealth vs. Edward Gibbons. The defendant was a son of the Emerald Isle having emigrated to this Country in 1865, and in following up his business, which was repairing umbrellas and clocks, he had landed at Eyersgrove, this County about a year ago. He was charged with having about the 11th of last January, committed a breach of the peace by using threatening language and abusing his family. The story as told by Moses McHenry, a miller in that village, was substantially as follows: The defendant came to the mill the day in question considerably under the influence of liguor and expressed his ability to whip any one in the village. There were quite a number of persons in the mill at the time, but as they had not been in training for pugilistic encounters, no one accepted the challenge. He then went over to his home, and in a short time one of his boys came to the mill and told them they needed help, as his father was abusing the family. Mr. McHenry and Johnson went over, had a talk with the man, and attempted to make him behave. He and McHenry got into an altercation. He struck McHenry, and Johnson struck him. He testified that the defendant had threatened to burn him out, and kill him. That he had repeatedly kicked and abused his wife. The testimony of J. R. Johnson substantiated all that had been said by Mr. McHenry and in addition testified that he had threatened to blow up the church, and that the people in that neighborhood were all afraid of him.

Mrs. Charles Dollman testified that she heard him say that he would blow up the church, kill these men, and then kill himself. The defendant on his own behalf testified that he had no recollection of the circumstances. That if he had made these threats he did not know it, or mean it. That the people of Eyersgrove had been kind to him, and he bore them no ill will.

TUESDAY MORNING.

Court opened with a much larger audience than was present Monday morning. Upon petition James J. Grant and A. J. Barret were appointed overseers of the election for the E. N. election district of Conyngham township. The case of Susan Cooper vs. Daniel Miller on the trial list for next week, was owing to fact that the present counsel had been in the case only a few weeks continued over the term. The Grand Jury having returned a true bill in the case of the Com. vs. G. W. Gearhart, Incest and Bastardy, W. H. Rhawn Esq. representing the defendant, moved that it be continued until May sessions, owing to the fact that the information was laid only January 28th and the defendant had not had sufficient time to prepare his defense. The case was continued, and the recognizance of the defendant was forfeited to be respited by his appearance at the next sessions. The list of traverse jurors was called and the following excused, Stephen Knorr, Frank Myers and James Magee 1st. Benjamin Pennypacker was reported sick.

The case of Com. vs. Shultz and Watts, larceny, was called by the district Attorney. Col. Freeze representing Watts moved the Court for a separate trial, and after some argument, the Court granted the motion, and the District Attorney called up the case of Com. vs. Hiram Snultz. This case comes from Mt. Pleasant township and the prosecutor was the trustees of the "Kitchen" M. E. Church. W. H. Chrisman Esq. represented the defendant, and the District Attorney looked after the interests of the commonwealth. In opening the case Mr. Hanly informed the jury that on or about the night of December 12, last past, the defendant in company with Watts attended a meeting at this church, and when they departed two robes were missing. That the robes were traced to the possession of the defendant. The first witness called was William McMahon who testified that he attended church at the place in question on the evening of Dec. 12, 1895 That when he entered the church he left a robe valued at $20.00 in his buggy, and that when he came out to go home the robe was gone. He said the next time he saw it, was on the 21st of December when it was brought to him by Hiram Shultz. The robe of Rev. Smith which was taken the same night, was returned at the same time. When questioned as to the conversation he had with Shultz, he said, Shultz had told him that he had gone to the meeting with Charles Watts, and on the way home Watts asked him if he was cold, saying he had two robes, which he got out from under the seat of the buggy.

Rev Smith testified that he had a robe taken that night valued at $8 00. That when he next saw it, a piece of sheep skin which had been sewed on the bottom had been cut off. C. R. Parker, a Justice of the Peace, said that he knew the defendant, that he had made an affidavit before him stating that he had not taken the robes, and did not know they were in the buggy until they were half way home, when Watts asked him if he was cold, sayirg he had something to keep them warm.

Lloyd Watts testified that he was the father of Charles Watts, one of the boys implicated in this trouble. He testified that Hiram Shultz told him where he could find the sheep skins, and two tails that belonged to the robe in his father's barn. That he went and found them just where Hiram said they were.

Charles Watts, the other boy implicated, was called, and said that they had been at the church only a few minutes, part of which time Shultz was on the opposite side of the church from him; that he came to him and said, come on if you are going home. Denied knowing anything about the robes. This closed the Commonwealth's cases.

Defendant's first witness was Hiram Shultz, the defendant, who related how he and Watts went to church, but he insisted that he went into the house, and that Watts remained outside. That he had been there 10 or 15 minutes when Watts insisted on going home. That when about half way home Watts drew out the robes as above stated. I said he should take them back, but he said he would put them in our barn. The next morning he came up and cut off the tails from one of the robes and the sheep skin from the bottom of the other. He stuck the sheep skin and tails along the side of the barn. At this point the examination was interrupted by the Grand Jury entering and presenting their report. They reported that they had performed their duties, had examined the public buildings and found them all in excellent condition, but would recommend that the Sheriff's office be painted and papered. The Court called the Commissioners before him and stated that he understood that the Methodist church desired to use the Court House for religious service during the erection of their new church and that they desired the matter submitted to the Grand Jury for their action. He said that he had heard it rumored that the Court had expressed an opinion that the matter must be referred to the Grand Jury. That was a mistake. He had never made that assertion. That the Commissioners had passed a resolution in which they had refused to allow the Court House to be used for any purpose, and that unless a majority of them desired to rescind that resolution he would not send it before the Grand Jury. The Commissioners stated that they would stand by the resolution as it appeared on their minutes. The Grand Jury was then discharged.

Christian Endeavor Day.

The fifteenth anniversary of the organization of this excellent society of young people was celebrated last Sunday in our town with the enthusiasm that only Christian Endeavorers can get up. The union meeting in the Lutheran church was all the building could hold. Everybody wanted to be at the meeting and crowded every nook and corner. The song service was led by Miss Ernest of the Evangelical church, and the meeting proper by Mr. Jay Brower of the Presbyterian church. The orchestra of the Y. M. C. A. was present and the singing was an inspiration. Very many took part in the service and the hour was all too short for all who wished to participate. This meeting was followed by another service held by the Lutheran Society which was led by Prof. Albert. Many of the members attending the first meeting remained for the second, and the interest was maintained throughout. The second service lasted about an hour and a quarter and was enjoyed by everybody. This remarkable organization has grown in fifteen years from one society in a little village in Maine to over 43,000 in every civilized country in the world, and a membership of 2,600,000. At this rapid growth the 25th anniversary will have a membership of ten million. What a host of Christian young people banded together for the exclusive purpose of making better men and women, better citizens and better patriots.

Miss Minerva Dorr, who so successfully played "Jane" last season in Mr. Frohman's Co., and made such a pronounced hit for which she received great credit for her comedy work wherever she appeared, will be seen here at the Opera House Saturday Feb'y 8th in the fantastic comedy "Niobe" by Harry and Edward Paulton, authors of that most comic opera, "Erminie." The piece has hit the public fancy and is neatly adjusted to the current pepular taste. With Miss Dorr as "Niobe" supported by Mr. Frank Norcross (who for many years appeared in Palmer & Frohman's Co.) and a carefully selected company of comedians, we may expect to have a perfect production of the latest laughing success which, in motive, plot and scenery will prove the novelty of the season. Miss Dorr is a comedienne who has grown in popular favor not alone for her clever acting, but for her fine soprano voice, while Mr. Frank Norcross ranks as one of the first-class comedians of the present time.

State Superintendent Schaeffer has appointed A. U. Lesher of Berwick, Miss Martha Berninger of Catawissa, and Miss Alice Edgar of this place as a committee to examine applicants for permanent certificates as teachers.

Last Sunday afternoon Mrs. H. S. Grover, of Main township, when in the act of climbing down a ladder in the barn, fell, breaking her right limb near the ankle.

NO PROFIT.....

doing business during these dull days. However goods must be moved and turned into cash, consequently present buyers purchase at positive cost. Rather do this than to carry goods over to next season. A RULE OF OURS.

About two hundred children's overcoats and reefers at one-half price.

$2.00 ones	$1.00
3.00 "	1.50
4.00 "	2.00
5.00 "	2.50
6.00 "	3.00
8.00 "	4.00

Men's suits and overcoats and single trousers at positive cost.

Storm coats at cost.

Plush caps and wool underwear at cost.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
ONE PRICE
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

NEW MANAGEMENT.

After the first of April the management of the Opera House will be in the hands of J. M. Gidding. The room will be remodeled, painted, frescoed and carpeted. The stage will be enlarged to the regulation size, so that it will be possible to place any scenery on it. The present scenery will be laid aside, and new provided. It is the intention of the management to give the people of this place an opportunity of witnessing the very best plays on the road and consistent with the size of the town; and in order to get them they are obliged to have better accommodations than the hall now affords. These improvements mean an outlay of a considerable sum of money, but they are satisfied that the public will appreciate it, and show it by their attendance. Mr. Gidding brings to this work years of experience, and knowing the companies as he does, and the wants of the people as well, we are assured that a bright future is in store for the Bloomsburg Opera House.

Mad Dog Bites Two Persons.

A mongrel dog belonging to Joseph Fausey of Espy, became rabid on Saturday night, and while running at large bit two persons. The animal became affected late in the afternoon and bit a large number of other dogs in the town, and then started toward the station just as the train arrived. When Miss Fannie Kline, twenty one years old, alighted from the train the dog approached her, and while she reached down to caress him she was bit in the hand. The dog then ran uptown where he bit an 11 year old colored boy named Bub Mathews. The dog was afterwards killed by Constable Waples and Mr. Fausey.

Miss Kline and the colored boy were taken to New York Sunday night by Dr. Smith and Mr. Kline, who will place them in a Pasteur institute for treatment.

We are informed that the practice of purloining whips, &c., from the buggies of parties in attendance upon service in the country churches is not confined to Mt. Pleasant township. It is to be hoped that the verdict in cases just concluded at this court will be a lesson to parties who have been indulging in these practices.

From information received from a reliable source we are able to publish the following facts relating to the death of Mrs. Marvin McHenry of Benton. She was taken ill Wednesday, January 29th, while eating dinner, complaining that when she breathed her lungs hurt. She went to her room, and continued growing worse complaining of pleurisy in right side, which she patiently endured until Thursday night, when pneumonia set in, and Friday morning at 5:30 she died. Every thing that was possible was done for her, doctors Bonham and Winley being in constant attendance. But her disease was beyond human help. She was a daughter of Allen Mann, late of Beaver township deceased, and moved to Benton about five years ago, and resided with her brother, C. F. Mann, until her marriage in October, 1893. She leaves to survive her a brother, above named, and four sisters, Grace, and Ida Mann, of Benton, Mrs. Jacob Baker of Mt. Grove, and Mrs. C. E. Benton, of Bayonne N. J.

She was aged 19 years, 8 months and ten days, and the funeral services which were held in the M. E. Church Monday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Owens, assisted by Revs. Maltman and Sutton, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather were largely attended. The bereaved husband has the sympathy of the entire community.

The old McAuley mine, Beaver township, operated by Jacob Baker, took fire on Saturday 25th ult., from the pump boilers. In removing the pump in order to flood the mine, Mr. Baker and two others were overcome by gas and were rescued with great difficulty. The work of extinguishing the fire will take nearly all summer, as the mine must be first filled by turning a creek into it, and the water pumped out again after the fire is extinguished.

The court proceedings as published in this paper are full, complete and accurate. The COLUMBIAN is the only paper published in the county which has a reporter in continuous attendance upon the sessions of the court.

We desire to pubicly thank the Court and county officials for providing a table at which our representative can take the proceedings of the Court.

LIVE QUESTIONS.

A Series of Articles Contributed to These Columns by Advanced Thinkers.

NUMBER I.—SEEK THE TRUTH.

"New occasions teach new duties;
Time makes ancient good uncouth;
They must upward still and onward
Who would keep abreast of truth."

All history teaches that the doctrine, "Whatever is, is right," is so far from being true that in methods and opinions the direct contrary may be said to be much nearer the truth. Washington's life was shortened by faith in bleeding as a panacea. The generally accepted prejudice that denied water to the parched lips of a fever patient—what untold suffering it brought upon our forefathers! All races in certain stages of their progress have peopled the invisible world with gods who were the magnified images of themselves, with all the vices and passions of primitive man intensified. Any one who questioned the exact truth of this mass of imagination and tradition was banished or put to death. It was a very mild contravention of the accepted religious beliefs of his time that brought the cup of hemlocks to the lips of the wisest and best of the heathen philosophers. The Christian martyrs were succeeded by martyrs *to* Christianity. St. Stephen and John Huss were alike victims to opinions that nobody now holds. So were Joan of Arc and the Salem witches. Prior to the time of Copernicus it was the general belief that the earth was flat and immovable, and numerous were the theories advanced by learned men to account for phenomena that every child now understands. The true explanation announced by Copernicus and Galileo was condemned by the holy office as "absurd in philosophy and formally heretical because directly contrary to the Holy Scriptures." Galileo was forced to recant, and the name of Copernicus remained anathema for three centuries. The divine right of kings was once universally accepted, and in our own time Lovejoy lost his life in Alton, and Garrison and Phillips risked theirs in Boston for daring to question the right of man to enslave his fellow man.

The geological conclusions of Sir Charles Lyell in the nineteenth century were condemned by the church, as were the astronomical theories of Galileo in the seventeenth. Franklin's discovery of the identity of lightning and electricity was ridiculed by the English scientists of that day. Stephenson was laughed at when he asserted that his locomotive could draw a train at the rate of 20 miles an hour. We all know now that Galileo and Lyell, Franklin and Stephenson were right, and the rest of the world was wrong. But we go on just the same condemning or refusing a hearing to the Lyells and Galileos, the Lovejoys and Garrisons of today. Like all our forefathers, we are sure that our creeds and theories represent the absolute and entire truth.

As Bagehot says, "There is no pain so great as the pain of a new idea," and therefore the world shrinks from a new idea as a child shrinks from the surgeon's knife. Every proposal to change the established order is now, as heretofore, condemned, often without a hearing, as fatal to the family, destructive of religion or subversive of society. We now accept the doctrine that all men, of whatever color, are born free and endowed with certain inalienable rights as expressed in our Declaration of Independence. But for the most part we are satisfied with the mere *declaration* that all men are equally entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness and are impatient of any inquiry as to whether our present political and social organization really secures this right equally to all men. In this country we have not since the Revolution doubted the truth of Jefferson's dictum that "a government derives its just powers from the consent of the governed," but in 1832 a proposal to grant to Englishmen their plain political rights was regarded by the conservatives as threatening the safety of the kingdom and the continuance of social order. Macaulay's arguments in favor of the reform bill apply with equal force to the conditions of today, and the following from the pen of the famous Dr. Arnold of Rugby embodies a truth of universal application. Advocating the passage of the reform bill, he said: "One would think that people who talk against change were literally as well as metaphorically blind and really did not see that everything in themselves and around them is changing every hour by the necessary laws of its being. * * * There is nothing so revolutionary, because there is nothing so unnatural and so convulsive to society, as the strain to keep things fixed, when all the world is, by the very law of its creation, in eternal progress, and the cause of all the evils of the world may be traced to that natural but most deadly error of human indolence and corruption—that our business is to preserve and not to improve."

It does not by any means follow that every new idea is a good one; that every proposed change would be an improvement. But as progress is the law of the universe, it rests with the old order to show why it should be continued. It is therefore the part of wise men to give careful consideration to new ideas, however contrary they may be to prevalent opinions, bearing in mind the lessons of history that "the stone which the builders rejected the same is become the head of the corner." In the series of articles that will fill these columns for many weeks to come it is arranged to present to the reader the views of leaders of thought throughout the country on the vital questions of the day, the questions that bear in their solution the weal or woe of the present, the progress and prosperity of the future. Such productions should be read in the spirit of St. Paul's advice: "Prove all things. Hold fast that which is good."

To this excellent principle should be explicitly added the caution which it is the main purpose of this introductory article to enforce—viz, that *the new* can receive fair treatment only by removing so far as possible (it cannot be wholly removed) the handicap that is placed upon it by prejudice in favor of the existing order.

FREDERICK M. CRUNDEN.
St. Louis, December, 1895.

NUMBER II.—THE MAN OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

The unemployed are found in places where machinery is in use and in places where machinery is not in use; where gold is money, where silver is money and where paper in money; where there is free trade and where there is protection; where government is corrupt and where government is honest; under monarchies and under republics. Neither the question of machinery, relied upon by Socialists, nor the question of money, relied upon by Populists, nor the question of good government, relied upon by political reformers generally, can solve the question of the unemployed. The most significant figure of our times is the man out of employment. Yesterday he was regarded—so far as regarded at all—with alternating contempt and pity. Today he is regarded with concern. Tomorrow he may be regarded with terror.

On your way home tonight some of you will see, coming out from the shadow of an alley or building, a man abject and unkempt. He will not venture to stop you; he will walk along with you, and, in subdued voice and with cringing air, will ask you for the price of a night's cheap lodging or a cheap supper. Who is he? The man out of employment. You have seen him before. He has called at your office. He has been seen at your kitchen door. You have seen him in crowds before the bulletin of employment offices. You have seen the crowd stream all day long into some factory or office which had advertised "help wanted." You have seen him wistfully watching more fortunate men who were at work on some building or excavation. You have seen him on the country roadside. You have seen him crawling from the trucks of a railway train. He is known to fame. You can read of him in the newspapers, where he appears in the column of crimes or in the column of suicides. This is the day of "labor problems," and on every such problem there falls the dark shadow of the man out of employment. Who keeps wages down? The man out of employment.

Who reduced the wages of Pullman's employees? Not Pullman himself, not a greedy corporation, but the man out of employment. Who ordered the great strike of 1894? Not the American Railway union, nor Debs, but the man out of employment. Who is it that was feared by the strikers? Not the railway magnates nor the courts, not the injunctions nor the troops, but the man out of employment. Who broke the strike? The man out of employment. Who compels organized laborers to stand together shoulder to shoulder? Not the labor agitator, not the walking delegate, but the man out of employment. Protean in shape, the man out of employment is here a tramp, there a hero; here spiritless, there proud; here revengeful, there patient; here a mendicant, there a martyr. The man out of employment is the constant menace to our civilization. Today the army of the unemployed lurks in the rear. Tomorrow it may be at the front, barring the way, more terrible than an army with banners. Once mustered into that army, the man out of employment never musters out unless he furnishes a substitute from the ranks of workingmen. Why are men unemployed? Yesterday society answered, "Because they wish to be." Today society answers, "We do not know." What shall be done with the unemployed?

Yesterday society answered, "We do not care." Today society merely echoes, "What can we do?"

CLARENCE A. MILLER.
Los Angeles, December, 1895.

Change the feeling in an individual, and his whole method of thinking will be revolutionized; change the axiom or primary sensation in a science, and the whole structure will have to be recreated. The current political economy is founded on the axiom of individual greed, but let a new axiomatic emotion spring up (as of justice or fair play, instead of individual greed), and the basis of the science will be altered and will necessitate a new construction. So when people argue (on politics, morality, art, etc.) it will generally be found that they differ at the base; they go out perhaps quite unconsciously from different axioms, and hence they cannot agree. Occasionally, of course, a strict examination will show that, while agreeing at the base, one of them has made a false step in deduction. In that case his thought does not represent his primary feeling, and when this is pointed out he is forced to alter it. * * *

This is the commercial age, the oligarchy and plutocracy of Plato. Honor quite gives place to material wealth; the rulers rule not by personal or by hereditary but by property qualifications. Parliaments, constitutions and general "palaver" are the order of the day.

Wage slavery, usury, mortgages and other abominations indicate the advance of the mortal process. In the individual man gain is the end of existence.—Carpenter's "Cause and Cure of Civilization."

Husbandry is the firstborn, but it is not the most favored, trade, because farmers cannot live in the towns, and consequently they have not much influence in making the laws. We must stand shoulder to shoulder against the drones who govern us and who produce nothing but laws.—Bismarck.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Delaware and Hudson collieries at Wilkes barre will work full time until further notice. Nearly 6000 men are affected.

Mrs. Anna R. Aspinwall, has by her last will and testament bequeathed $3,500.000, to the Hospital of the Protestant Episcopal Church at Philadelphia, for ill or convalescent poor white female orphan children.

John R. Cowen, general counsel of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was chosen last Friday to succeed Charles F. Moyer as president of the Company.

A case of faith cure and which is well authenticated comes from West Pittston. A trio of clergymen have been holding services at that place, and were followed from Scranton, where they had been formerly holding meetings by a young man named Charles Miller. They set forth the doctrine that any one suffering from any disease or affliction can be cured if their faith was strong enough, and if they pray with fervency and sincerity. Young Miller for years had absolutely no use of his left arm on account of paralysis. After prayer by himself and the clergy the arm was restored and is now as sound and useful as before he was stricken with paralysis.

Judge Bechtel overruled the exceptions filed by the Girard Estate against the granting of licenses to tenants on their estate who had signed an agreement not to sell liquor. The licenses will be granted in all cases save where there are other reasons assigned in the remonstrances such as selling to minors, selling on Sunday etc.

To Change the Trout Season.

A number of local anglers, of Allentown will have a law introduced at the next session of the Legislature to change the trout season, which now extends from April 15 to July 15. It is proposed to make the season from May 1st., to August 1st. It is contended that trout have not a chance to get fat by April 15th, and that the weather is not favorable to trout fishing so early. The change is approved by Superintendent Creveling of the State Fishery.

By the explosion of a boiler at the works of the Hollidaysburg Iron and Nail Company five men were killed, and twenty-three injured.

Hugh Dempsey Pardoned.

Hugh Dempsey, the Homestead labor leader, imprisoned for conspiracy in connection with the alleged attempt to poison non union men, is among those who will be granted a pardon by the governor.

A bicyclists' accident insurance company has just been organized in Westfield, Mass. It proposes to insure bicycle riders against all manner of accidents met with while riding their machines.

The Jury in the case of James Mausel et al. vs. Ex-Sheriff Fulmer the appeal from the report of the auditors of Lycoming County for 1894 rendered a verdict surcharging the defendant with $130.33. The Plaintiff claimed that he should be surcharged with $2.304.62.

The fiercest, most stubborn and most destructive fire that has visited Philadelphia in years broke out at 3.20 Sunday morning in the cellar of the Hazletine building, 1416 and 1418 Chestnut street, and before it had been subdued the Hazletine building and the American Baptist publication society's building, at 1420 and 1422 Chestnut street were destroyed, and the dry goods store of Homer Le Boutillier & Co., 1412 and 1414 Chestnut street, was badly damaged and the rear of the Hotel Lafayette, which faces on Broad street, was damaged to the extent of $75,000. The approximate total loss by the fire is $1,075,000, the greater part of which is covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is not definitely known.

"The Oommon People."

As Abraham Lincoln called them, do not care to argue about their ailments. What they want is a medicine that will cure them. The simple, honest statement, "I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me," is the best argument in favor of this medicine, and this is what many thousands voluntarily say.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c.

What it Costs to Stop a Train.

It costs $25 a day to run a passenger train for ten hours, a Valley official recently stated, and $30 a day for a freight train. The difference is partly due to the fourth brakeman necessary on the freight and to the extra coal used. At this rate it costs 83½ cents to allow the holder of a ten-cent ticket to alight at a flag station.

going to school

Do the children go to school? And are they joyous and happy? Is school-life a pleasure? And is progress being made? Or is the opposite true? Does the close of each day bring a headache? There is no appetite and sleep is imperfect. The color gradually leaves the cheeks and only a little effort is followed by exhaustion. To continue school means to come to the end of the year with broken health. What is the best thing to do? Take

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites. The cod-liver oil nourishes the body and makes red corpuscles for the blood. The hypophosphites are tonics to the nervous system, giving mental activity during the day and refreshing sleep at night. Don't let you child get thin and worry along. Give Scott's Emulsion; insist on a generous amount of out-door exercise; and the vigor of youth will return.

50 cts. and $1 a bottle. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

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And see the largest collection of shoes in the county. All bought before the advance in prices. You get the benefit of our early buying.

Our fall and winter underwear and hosiery is now on our counters at prices never heard of before.

CORNER IRON AND MAIN STS. **W. H. Moore.**

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B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

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CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .22
Eggs per dozen	.20
Lard per lb	.10
Ham per pound	.12½
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	.65
Oats " "	.28
Rye " "	.50
Wheat flour per bbl	3 60
Hay per ton	12 to $14
Potatoes per bushel,	.30
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	.50
Sweet potatoes per peck	25 to .30
Tallow per lb	.4½
Shoulder " "	.11
Side meat " "	.07
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.10
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.60
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.00
Chop "	1.10
Middlings "	1.10
Chickens per lb new	.08
" " " old	.10
Turkeys " "	.10
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.08

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
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LIVED WITHOUT A BRAIN

Physicians Puzzled by a Remarkable Case in Lycoming County.

For a long time John Bly, who died recently at Watsontown, has been a puzzle to the physicians attending him Bly, who was 20 years of age, suffered with a tumor which grew into the very base of the brain and occasioned death, it being too deeply imbedded into the brain tissue to admit of an operation.

The autopsy, which was performed by Dr. Koser, of Williamsport was awaited for developments. It was found that the tumor was nearly as large as a billiard ball and so located as to demoralize the nerves of the sight centre, as a consequence of which young Bly had been blind for over three years. But the most singular fact developed was that the entire brain had been hollowed out by the tumor. The cavity was at least five inches in length, and was filled with pus. All that was left of the brain was a thin shell, composed of the tougher tissues where the brain matter gathers into nerves, which were less susceptible to the process of decay.

When an incision was made in the shell, the whole mass collapsed. What made the case almost unprecedented in the annals of medical science was the manner in which the patient retained his rationality and faculties under the circumstances. He had the senses of touch, taste, hearing and smell, and had very tolerable control of the locomotor muscles. His retention of memory was remarkable, he having been able to memorize poems up to within two weeks of his death. The case is one of great scientific importance, and will be technically described, forming the theme for discussion in medical journals

Weather Signals Displayed By Gidding & Co.

On account of the many inquires that have been made regarding the weather signals Gidding & Co., have requested us to publish them again so that those who did not cut them out can have an opportunity to do so.

(1). White flag hoisted alone means Fair Weather. (2). Blue flag hoisted alone means Rain or Snow. (3). White and Blue flag hoisted alone means Local Rain or Snow. (4). White with black square in center hoisted alone means Cold Wave.

(1). White flag with black triangular flag above means Fair and Warm. (2). White flag with black triangular flag below means Fair and Colder. (3). Blue flag with black triangular flag above means Rain and warmer. (4). Blue flag with black triangular flag below means Rain or Snow and Colder. (5). Blue and White flag with black triangular flag above means Local Rain and Warmer (6). Blue and White flag with black triangular flag below means Local Rain or Snow and Colder.

White with black center flag hoisted alone means Cold Wave. (2). White with black center flag hoisted with White flag means Fair and Cold Wave. (3). White with black center flag hoisted with Blue flag means Rain or Snow with Cold Wave. (4). White with black center flag hoisted with White and Blue flag means Local Rain or Snow and Cold Wave.

N. B. When no message is received and the signals remain the same as the day before, it means the weather remains the same.

A Headache Plaster.

Here is a headache plaster given by the Cincinnati *Enquirer*: "When the beating, thumping sensation begins in the head take equal quantities of pure cayenne pepper and flour; mix them up with water to form a smooth paste thick enough to spread like a salve. Put this upon a piece of soft paper and apply it to the back of the neck just below the edge of the hair. In warm weather it is best to wash the neck with a cloth wet with soap and water, as the oily perspiration may interfere with the action of the plaster. One great advantage of cayenne pepper plaster over mustard is that while the latter frequently blisters the former never does so, no matter how strong it is applied. In the use of mustard, if the skin is broken all treatment must cease until it heals; but with pepper, when the plaster loses its effect another may be applied without unpleasant consequences.

Bradford county expects to float her $100,000 of court house bonds at 3 per cent.

Rights of Wheelmen.

Anent the "rights of wheelmen," of which one hears so much lately, the following ruling by Judge Cooley, of Michigan, may be interesting. This jurist says:

1. Municipal corporations or cities are liable to a bicyclist for injuries incurred by reason of defective roads, i. e. unguarded embankment, a deep rut, a large stone, provided he is ont guilty of contributory negligence. A city is under no special obligation to wheelmen, and the defect must be such as to cause injury to vehicles in general. A bicyclist injured while riding on Sunday for pleasure or business cannot recover damages in states where Sunday laws are in force.

2. A wheelman has a right of action against the driver or owner of a vehicle, who willfully or negligently causes a collision or damage to his wheel while left standing by the street curb or roadside; it is the duty of the wheelman, however, to avert the collision, if possible, and he cannot recover damages if his own negligence is the proximate cause of the injury complained of.

3. A traveler riding on the left-hand side of the road probably assumes all risks and is prima facie guilty of negligence.

4. Vehicles going in the same direction the hindermost may pass on either side.

5. Sidewalks are exclusively for foot passengers, but a foot passenger has a right to walk in the highway, and he is entitled to cross the street where he may elect, but is guilty of negligence if he attempts to cross ahead of a vehicle. And the fact that a vehicle is on the wrong side of the road is no evidence of negligence in action for injury to a pedestrian.

6. A bicycle employing an immoderate rate of speed on a highway or street may be liable civilly or criminally in cases of accident. If he recklessly runs his wheel against a pedestrian, he is liable for assault and battery. Recklessness will sometimes supply the place of criminal intent, and if a bicyclist kills a human being while going at a dangerous speed he may be convicted of manslaughter.

Mechanics' Lien Claimants.

Judge Gordon, of Clearfield, has just handed down an important decision on the proceeds of a sheriff's sale of property to mechanics' claimants. He holds that before the auditor is appointed to distribute the fund derived from the sale, any of the mechanics' claims, whether in judgment or not, can be attacked on the merits by other lien claimants filed by journeymen, who had no right to file liens, but judgments were obtained on said liens, and they appeared before the auditor and claimed pro rata with other mechanics' lien claimants. The auditor held, however, that testimony could be introduced to show that the liens were not valid, and although the judgments dated from the date when they were entered, and could not be attacked except for fraud or collusion, yet the mechanics' liens on which the sci fas were issued were invalid, and that the claimants were not entitled to share in the fund produced by the sale until all the valid mechanic liens had been paid. This point does not seem ever to have been expressly ruled on by the Supreme Court in a case between mechanics' lien claimants alone.

Land Without Animals.

Japan is a land without the domestic animals. There are no cows—the Japanese never drink milk nor eat meat. There are but few horses, and these are imported mainly for the use of foreigners. The freight cars in the city streets are pulled and pushed by coolies, and the pleasure carriages are drawn by men. There are but few dogs, and these are neither used as watch dogs, beasts of burden nor in hunting, except by foreigners.

There are no sheep in Japan, and wool is not used in clothing, silk and cotton being the staples. There are no pigs—pork is an unknown article of diet, and lard is not used in cooking. There are no goats or mules, or donkeys. Wild animals there are, however, and in particular, bears of enormous size.—*Popular Science.*

A lot of new judgment exemption notes, with attorney's commission, and waiving everything, just printed at this office. Sold single, or in books of 25 and 50. tf.

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Is a remedy of sterling value. It positively cures all Bronchial Affections, Cough, Cold, Croup, Bronchitis and Grippe. You can always rely on it. DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP is indispensable to every family. Price 25 cts. Shun all substitutes.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail, A.C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

LIVE STOCK.

Work horses do better on a peck of carrots and a peck of oats than they do on two pecks of oats.

Don't keep your hogs or any other fat stock too long. There is not much profit in trying to fatten stock in cold weather.

It does not pay to give stock stimulating food. Good, wholesome grain and hay or grass for cattle, horses and sheep and grass and good grain for hogs, are all that is necessary to make them grow to perfection.

In view of the favorite prospect of Western corn, and its probable reasonable price, an exchange of a portion of high-priced hay for a supply of it would be profitable to many dairymen. Don't, however, sell off your scanty supply of hay without supplying something just as good or better in its place.

It may cost an extra effort and many an extra dollar to tide over these times, but dairymen should think twice before selling their cows for a mess of pottage They will need them next year to help keep things a-running. All have already heard of those fellows who are going to sell their hay when it reaches $20 a ton, and feed straw to their cows. Now, don't do it, unless you take at least half of the hay money with which to buy grain for the animals.

Many that know better than to fatten the nondescript steer of the East have little but Hobson's choice, for the dairy breeds have converted the steers of this section into fit companions of the rail-splitting hogs of the South. All frame and stomach, they belong to the class that is said one can see through with the sperm-oil lantern—that is, sidewise, not perpendicularly, for it is a good ways through them in this direction. His day is numbered, for those devoted to him have their days numbered, too.

Butter-Making Test.

The Holstein-Friesian Association, having offered a prize of $1,000 for authenticated records of the production of cows of that breed, the prize list brought thirty-five cows into competition that were officially tested. Of this number ten were two-year-old heifers, ten were three and four years old, and fifteen were from five to eleven years old. The kind of food and amount consumed, and other matters connected with the test, were carefully noted, the calculations of the cost being based on the actual value of the food when purchased. The butter should have been credited to the cows at the value of forty cents per pound, being the same as the price fixed upon during the test at the Chicago Exposition, where sixty-four cows competed, forty-seven of which had but recently calved, but in this test the price of the butter is placed at twenty-five cents per pound, which is about the actual market value on an average.

The yield of milk in one week ranged from about 316 to 682 pounds. As it is usual to estimate about two pounds of milk for one quart, the yield is from 158 to 341 quarts per week, or over 48½ quarts per day, for seven days, for the highest yield, the production of butter for the same period being from fifteen to over twenty-five pounds. The cost of the food was from a fraction less than $1 to $2.85, one cow, however, consuming food to the value of $3.92. The value of the butter and skimmed milk varied from a fraction over $6 to about $11.50, and the net profit was from $4.36 to nearly $9, at forty cents per pound for butter and from $2 to $4.80 with butter at twenty-five cents per pound. The total production of milk for the seven days, for twenty-five cows, was 11,212 pounds, or over sixty-four pounds per day, and the total production of butter for the week was 496.83, an average of 19.87 pounds, or 2.83 pounds for each cow, per day. The value of the food consumed by the twenty-five cows for one pound of butter was 10.33 cents, and the average net profit was fifty-one cents, with butter at twenty-five cents per pound.

The tests demonstrate that the use of the proper breed for the dairy is the key to success. In the face of the facts given above, in which it is shown that twenty-five cows gave more milk in one day than the same number of ordinary cows would in half a week, and, also, produced more butter in that time than could be secured from four common cows, is evidence that the farmer who makes milk and butter his specialties is feeding three or four times as many cows as he should in order to derive the same products that are possible from a pure-bred cow that has been bred strictly in the line for large yields of milk and unusual production of butter, without considering the additional expense of extra stalls, buildings and labor required in the management of more cows than are really necessary.

Notes on Tuberculin and Tuberculosis.

Prof. Nocard, of the veterinary school at Alfort, France, has just published an exhaustive and authoritative work on tuberculosis in all domestic animals. He values tuberculin highly as a diagnostic, but considers that treatment of the disease in animals is in an experimental stage.

At the late veterinary congress at Buda-Pesth, Dr. Bang reported 9 per cent. of post-mortems failing to confirm the tuberculin diagnosis in 300 cases; some diseased animals failed to respond to the test, even if repeated after a year. Hess, of Berne, declared tuberculin attended with danger to health of cattle; the worst objection to its use is its tendency to produce fresh recurrences of disease of an acute type, while otherwise it would remain latent in chalky centres; in advanced disease the test is not reliable. Nocard and Bang replied that tuberculin was harmless, or nearly so. But Bang does not advise the slaughter of slightly tuberculous cows, as they may recover; he has often found small and perfectly calcified tubercles in aged cows. The calf is always born healthy when the cow is but slightly affected, and he would permit such cows to breed.

Dr. Jonathan Wright, of Brooklyn, in a paper to the American Laryngological Association, criticised the high contagionists, referred to milk-fed children of the well-to-do, who don't have tuberculosis, while poor children who can't get milk are consumptive; he believed danger of infection from this or other sources of bacilli was exaggerated, and that autopsies of human bodies frequently show indications of consumption that has been wholly recovered from.

Has Been in Forty-three Jails.

When he emerged from the Berks county (Pa.) jail, Patrick Hoolan, who is 60 years old and a university graduate, said: "This makes the forty-third jail I've been in. The only thing against me was that the authorities in 43 cities thought I was a bum, and they were right in their supposition. I am a graduate of the University of Dublin, after which I was admitted to the bar of that city. Then I became a prodigal son. Not long ago I was nabbed in Philadelphia."

Lumber Record Broken.

The world's record for lumber cutting is claimed for the Port Blakely mill, of Port Blakely, Wash. During the end of October, 83,672,212 feet of lumber had been cut at this one mill, and it is estimated that the total output for 1895 will be at least 105,000,000 feet.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

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Young and middle-aged men who suffer from errors of youth, loss of vitality, impotency, seminal weakness, gleet, strictures, weakness of body and mind, can be thoroughly and permanently cured by my new method of treatment. None other like it, immediate improvement. Consultation and book free. Add. DR. SMITH, Lock box 635, Phila. Pa.

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3	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods...	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20	Whooping Cough.....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness.....	.25
34	Sore Throat, Quincy, Ulcerated Throat	.25

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READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May, 12, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.55 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.25 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 5.00 6.3., p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 3.25 5.00, 6.23. p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.25, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.25 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.20 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.27, 6.15.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 12.06 1.37, 3.36, 6.23.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00, a. m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., Accommodation, 8.00 a. m. and 4.45 p. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7. 5, 9.00, a. m. 3.20, 5.30, p. m. Accommodation, 6.50, 8.15 a. m. 4.32 p. m.

Sunday—Express 4.00, 7.30, p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt

SOUTH.— B. & S. R. R. —NORTH

ARRIVE				STATIONS.				LEAVE
a m	a. m.	p m	p.m.		a m	p m	p m	a m
7.10	11.10	6.30	2.40	Bloomsb'g.	8.30	2.40	6.40	6.10
7.04	11.35	6.26	2.3	" P. & P.	8.34	2.42	6.44	6.13
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.32	" Main st.,	8.36	2.44	6.47	
		6.20	2.28	Irondale,		2.4	6.10	6.25
6.53	11.23	6.12	2.10	Paper Mill.	8.44	2.54	6.58	6.37
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.5	Light st.	8.47	2.00	7.0	6.50
6.40	11.05	5.59	2.00	Orangeville	8.58	3.10	7.10	7.10
6.29	11.0	5.43	1.51	Forks	9.06	3.10	7.20	7.25
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.50	Zarfoss	9.09	3.28	7.24	7.4
6.18	10.48	5.37	1.25	Stillwater	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00
6.08	10.43	5.27	1.10	Benton	9.21	3.40	7.39	8.10
6.04	10.40	5.22	12.55	Edson's	9.26	3.43	7.44	8.50
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.30	Cole's Cr'k.	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53
5.58	10.35	5.16	12.25	Sugarcreek	9.31	3.50	7.50	9.00
5.53	10.32	5.13	12.20	Lanbach	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10
5 45	10.23	5.03	12.05	Central	9.45	4.07	8.07	9.20
5 40	10.20	5.00	11.50	Jam. City	9.50	4.10	8.10	9.40
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE								ARRIVE

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg.

The best are the cheapest.

A REMARKABLE OFFER.

For a short time Ralph G. Phillips, the photographer, is making one life size photograph, value $5.00, and thirteen cabinet photographs all for $3.00.

All work guaranteed.

Ralph G. Phillips,

Ground Floor Gallery, Opposite Central Hotel

BLOOMSBURG, PA,

7-13-1

DIRECTIONS for using CREAM BALM.

CATARRH

Apply a particle of the Balm directly into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath into the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

Ely's Cream Balm Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflamation, Heals the sores, Protects the Membrane from colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HINDERCORNS,

The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. Makes walking easy. 15cts. at Druggists.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada.

Sold by all Local Druggists. 1-23-1t-d-

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

7-12-1y

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

1-6-4t.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 19, '95.

Scranton(D & H) lv	.....	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	Sunday
Pittston " "	.....	10 00	11 30	5 10		
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre... lv	7 25	10 10	11 15	6 00	6 40	4 40
Plym'th Ferry "	7 30	10	11 20	6 05	6 45	4 48
Nanticoke ... "	7 40	10	11 30	6 20	6 54	5 00
Mocanaqua... "	8 01	10	11 47	6 35	7 10	5 21
Wapwallopen. "	8 11		11 57	6 44	7 20	5 32
Nescopeck ... ar	8 18	11	12 04	6 52	7 27	5 40
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		
Pottsville. ... lv	6 00	9 00	11 10	.....	.....	.....
Hazleton ..... "	7 10	11 05	2 04	.....	.....	.....
Tomhicken..... "	7 20	11 25	2 24	.....	.....	.....
Fern Glen..... "	7 28	11 34	2 33	.....	.....	.....
Rock Glen ..... "	7 44	11 40	2 39	.....	.....	.....
Nescopeck ... ar	8 04	.....	4 08	.....	.....	.....
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Nescopeck lv	8 18	11 11	4 0	.....		5 43
Cleary ..... "	8 33	Via	4 17	.....		5 58
Espy Ferry... "	8 43	Rock	4 27	.....		6 04
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	Glen	4 32	.....		6 08
			P. M.			
Catawissa ..... ar	8 58	12 18	4 3	.....		6 14
Catawissa lv	8 55	12 18	4 38	.....		6 14
Riverside..... "	9 14	12 37	4 5	.....		6 32
Sunbury..... "	9 35	1 00	5 10	.....		7 08
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Sunbury lv	9 58	1 35	5 40	.....		9 22
Lewisburg ... ar	10 29	2 18	6 15	.....		.....
Milton ..... "	10 44	2 08	6 06	.....		9 59
Williamsport.. "	11 15	3 00	7 00	.....		10 40
Lock Haven... "	12 10	4 10	8 00	.....		.....
Renovo ..... "	P. M.	5 15	9 00	.....		.....
Kane ..... "	.....	9 15	.....	.....		.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Sunbury..... lv	9 48	1 50	5 50	.....		1 17
Harrisburg.... ar	11 30	3 20	7 10	.....		10 09
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.			A. M.
Philadelphia .ar	3 00	6 25	11 1	.....		4 30
Baltimore..... "	3 10	6 15	10 40	.....		6 20
Washington "	4 3	7 20	.....	.....		7 40
	A. M.	P. M.				
Sunbury lv	10 05	2 25	.....	.....		.....
	P. M.					
Lewistown Jc ar	12 05	4 25	.....	.....		.....
Pittsburg..... "	8 10	11 30	.....	.....		.....
		P. M.	P. M.			P. M
Harrisburg lv	.....	3 50	7 30	.....		11
			A. M.			1 M
Pittsburg ..... ar	.....	11 20	2 00	.....		7 15

† Daily, except Sunday. Daily. ‡ Flag station.

						Sun'y
Pittsburg..... lv		P. M. 7 0	P. M. 8 10	.....	A. M. 8 10	P. M. 8 10
Harrisburg.... ar		A. M. 2 0	A. M. 3 30	.....	P. M. 5 10	A. M. 2 30
Pittsburg..... lv	.....	.....	A. M.	.....	A. M. 8 0	.....
Lewistown Jc. "	.....	† 7 3	.....	.....	P. M. 3 00	.....
Sunbury ... ar	.....	† 9 18	.....	.....	† 5 00	.....
Washington ... lv	.....	P. M. 10 40	A. M.	.....	A. M. 10 30	A. M. .....
Baltimore ..... "	.....	11 50	4 45	.....	1 40	4 45
Philadelphia.. "	.....	11 20	4 30	.....	12 20	4 30
Harrisburg lv	.....	A. M. 3 30	A. M. 4 30	.....	P. M. 3 15	A.
Sunbury ..... ar	.....	5 58	6 50	.....	5 00	
Erie lv	.....	P. M. 3 25	A. M.	.....	A. M.	P. M. 3 25
Kane..... "	.....	7 05	.....	.....	† 6 30	7 05
Renovo..... "	.....	10 25	.....	.....	10 20	10 35
Lock Haven... "	.....	11 25	† 7 15	.....	11 20	11 25
Williamsport.. "	.....	A. M. 3 25	8 15	.....	P. M. 4 00	A. M. 3 25
Milton..... "	.....	4 12	9 10	.....	4 56	4 12
Lewisburg..... "	.....	.....	9 00	.....	4 47	.....
Sunbury..... ar	.....	4 36	9 38	.....	5 25	4 36
Sunbury..... lv	.....	A. M. † 5 25	A. M. 10 40	.....	P. M. † 5 44	A. M.
Riverside..... "	.....	5 43	10 22	.....	6 07	
Catawissa..... "	.....	6 08	10 40	.....	6 28	10 42
E. Bloomsburg"	.....	Via	10 48	.....	6 33	10 48
Espy Ferry..... "	.....	Rock	† 10 52	.....	† 6 38	† 10 52
Creasy ..... "	.....	Glen.	11 01	.....	6 48	11 01
Nescopeck ... ar	.....	8 04	11 11	.....	6 58	11 11
Nescopeck..... lv	.....	A. M. † 8 04	A. M. † 11 11	.....	P. M. † 6 58	.....
Rock Glen..... ar	.....	8 16	11 22	.....	7 10	.....
Fern Glen..... "	.....	8 26	11 32	.....	7 22	.....
Tomhicken..... "	.....	8 48	11 54	.....	7 44	.....
Hazleton ..... "	.....	8 51	P. M. 12 02	.....	7 53	.....
Pottsville. ... "	.....	9 00	12 10	.....	8 00	.....
Pittston(D & H) ar	.....	A. M. † 9 32	P. M. †12 49	P. M. † 5 41	P. M. † 8 32	.....

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
W. L. EYERLY, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1896.

LIVE QUESTIONS.

Professor Crunden's contribution, entitled "Seek the Truth," to which we give place in this issue on page 2, is the initial number of an extended series of articles which will appear in this journal from time to time. The general character of the entire series is fairly indicated by the above heading—"Live Questions"—by which is meant questions that are neither defunct nor stale; questions each one of which is a living issue, an issue which now divides and which in the near future may absolutely convulse the American people. Live questions are those which are now unsettled, but which demand settlement at an early day, and in the proper settlement of which all men, of whatever party or section, are vitally concerned.

Both the pro and the con of such questions will be laid before our readers, each one of whom, it is confidently expected, will thereby become better prepared to judge for himself in the matter. These several publications will be carried forward in a spirit of absolute fairness and impartiality. No effort will be made to give undue prominence to any proposed reform. On the contrary, no reasonable effort will be spared to lay before our readers the very best that can be said in favor of any proposed reform. To that end arrangements have already been perfected with many of the ablest writers of the present day, both in Canada and in the United States, to contribute to this series. If it is true, as we are told, that every man can be eloquent about matters which he perfectly understands, it may be fairly assumed that the reform leaders of the country can write both entertainingly and instructively, each on his own chosen topic. In his special line of investigation each contributor to "Live Questions" is a power in the land; hence their joint efforts cannot fail to interest the general mass of our readers. It will be observed that, in substance at least, Professor Crunden makes the broad and sweeping assertion that "change" is the natural law of society. He thus boldly casts the whole burden of proof upon those who claim under the existing order of things. At the outset this impresses us as being quite an innovation upon the established time honored order of discussion, and if he is wrong he should be squarely antagonized and his fallacies exposed.

One of the very best things to be said of a live question is that it has at least two sides, and we cannot expect to arrive at the truth without giving a candid hearing to both. That is precisely what we believe in. Let us have a frank, open, candid discussion of every live question that is touched at all. To that end this journal shall be a veritable "tribune of the people"—and the whole people.

Work of the Fifty fourth Congress.

The pending session of Congress promises to be most important and far reaching in its consequences to the American people and to the commercial world. The inglorious defeat of the income tax, the steady increase of the treasury deficit, tend to produce a feeling of uneasiness and distrust in the public mind. The whole matter of representation, and that also of taxation, is quite likely to come up for re-examination and is likely to be reviewed from the standpoint of first principles in civil government.

Already the air is filled with rumors of proposed amendments of the constitution, and in some quarters it is cited as being a significant fact that members of the dominant parties, which have been fighting each other for generations, concur in urging the necessity for such amendments. If any changes are to be made, the friends of what is often called "natural" taxation may be counted on to push their theories to the front. And the same may be said as to the advocates of female suffrage, free silver and proportional representation respectively. It seems highly probable that the vexatious "tariff discussion" may be given a much needed rest, but what with annexation, currency reform, female suffrage, the Monroe doctrine, taxation, representation and the incidental wrangling, each member of the present congress will have ample opportunity to earn all the salary lawfully his due. Whether or not he will make a righteous use of such golden opportunity remains to be demonstrated. "We shall see what we shall see."

HARRISON OUT.

HE WRITES A LETTER DECLINING TO BE A CANDIDATE.

Two Nominations Enough, He Says, and the Voters Now Entitled to a New Name. He Has No Desire Whatever for Another Term.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 4.—Benjamin Harrison will not allow his name to go before the St. Louis Convention.

He had a long talk with a few of his political friends yesterday afternoon, after which he went home and wrote a letter to the Chairman of the Republican State Committee, saying:

"I have concluded that some statement from me as to my wishes and purposes should now be made to my Indiana friends.

"To every one who has proposed to promote my nomination I have said 'no;' there never has been an hour since I left the White House that I have felt a wish to return to it.

"My Indiana friends have been devoted and faithful, and I am their grateful debtor. The Republican party has twice in National Convention given me indorsement, and that is enough. I think the voters of our party are now entitled to have a new name.

"For the sentiment, great or small, that has been manifested for my nomination I am grateful, and of that wider respect and kindness—breaking party lines—which have been shown me in so many ways, I am profoundly appreciative.

"I cannot consent that my name be presented or used in the St. Louis Convention, and must kindly ask my friends to accept this as a sincere and final expression upon the subject.

"BENJAMIN HARRISON.

"Indianapolis, Feb. 3, 1896."

SALISBURY'S SURPRISE.

His Remarkable Speech On Important Political Affairs.

LONDON, FEB. 2.—Lord Salisbury's remarkable speech at a banquet Friday night continues the talk of London. Seldom has a Premier spoken so freely, or, it is thought, so compromisingly.

The Transvaal, Venezuela and Armenia were touched upon in succession. His declaration that he believed in the Monroe doctrine as Monroe stated it was lustily cheered by his audience.

With reference to Armenia the Premier was apologetic, finding much fault with the Church people for their constant urging of drastic action toward the Turk. He declared that interference with the Sultan's administration was fraught with greater peril than any possible atrocities in Anatolia.

It is this reference to Armenia which is chiefly condemned, the Daily News saying: "What Lord Salisbury says is not true, and will come as a last message of death, misery and despair to those Armenians who have not yet suffered death by torture for worshiping Christ. Unless we are much mistaken, it will be read with inexpressible shame and disgust by thousands of decent men and women in England."

A STORY OF THE A. P. A.

A Claim that the Order Has 3,500,000 Voters. Its Demands.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The Herald publishes a remarkable story of a secret meeting at Rochester, N. Y., of one thousand delegates representing the American Protective Association. It was asserted, on the authority of leaders of the organization, that it had 313,000 votes in the State of New York, and 3,500,000 in the country at large, that it was the most powerful political organization ever formed and the most potent present factor in American politics.

The association will demand, as the consideration for its support, the reaffirmance of the principle of total separation of Church and State, restriction of immigration, reform of laws on citizenship and suffrage and reaffirmance of faith in the public school as the basis of liberty. They assert that they hold absolutely the balance of power, and that it is in their power to elect or defeat any Presidential nominee.

The following letters are advertised February 4, 1896. Marianna Eastburn, Mrs. Nora Gill, Mrs. Jane Hurst, Mr. A W. Kline, S. U. Nelson, Samuel V. Miller, Rose Moss, Mrs. T. Morgan, Mrs. Mary Norbury, Miss Alice Montague, Mrs. Maria Sommers, M. M. Snider, Mrs. Mary A. Welliver. Will be sent to the dead letter office February 18, 1896.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

Scrofula

Makes life misery to thousands of people. It manifests itself in many different ways, like goitre, swellings, running sores, boils, salt rheum and pimples and other eruptions. Scarcely a man is wholly free from it, in some form. It clings tenaciously until the last vestige of scrofulous poison is eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the

One True Blood Purifier.

Thousands of voluntary testimonials tell of suffering from scrofula, often inherited and most tenacious, positively, perfectly and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Be sure to get HOOD'S and only HOOD'S.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

Leases, with judgment and exemption clause, for sale at this office in small or large quantities.

JONAS LONG'S SONS' WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.

February 5, 1896.

THE claim for excellence of our Silks and Dress Goods Departments is confirmed by the great amount of business done. Indeed the yardage sold during the season impresses us with the idea that these departments have found representation in the homes of almost the entire population within a radius of fifty miles. Merit in selling merchandise, like merit in school, has its reward, and a critical public has bestowed the medal of distinction upon us by increasing our sales so that to-day we are without question the leading Silks and Dress Goods house of the anthracite region. So much for honor. It's pleasant to do business to the satisfaction of our patrons.

You will be interested this week to learn that our Silks for the spring trade have been selected and are now being received as rapidly as the mills can deliver them. Among the novelties especially attractive are rich Dresdens, Persian Stripes, and all over creation Taffeta Grounds with small Jacquard figures and stripes in pleasing color combination designs, also a number of pretty plaids that must meet the requirements of tasteful dressers.

Light figured Silk is the proper thing for evening dresses, and during the summer will be the proper fabric for smart toilettes.

Among the Dress Goods Broadcloths seem to be highly favored as being the daintiest material for the display of black jets and galoon trimmings.

The Mohair fabrics in every conceiveable color from black to iridescent will be extensively worn by the nattiest dressers.

The first of the Silks to arrive is an endless variety of Wash Silks for waists, including Kai Kai Silks and stripes and checks, which we offer at the yard 23c.

All Wool Cheviot Dress Goods, Mohair Novelties, Plain Mohair and Mohair Broche will be offered at the yard 25c,

Fancy Plaids, Mohair Novelties, Wool and Silk Mixtures, and 54 inch Ladies' Cloth in all colors the yard 39c.

Our leader this week consists of a choice variety of new spring novelties, principally checks and small Mohair effects on wool grounds, and a number of the prettiest Plaids, that we will offer at the yard 49c.

All wool English Serge in black, extra fine twill, 7 yards for a dress pattern, at the yard 33c.

Fine Persian Cut Jet Dress Trimmings in all the iridescent shades at the yard 19c, 25c and 49c.

Russian and Point Lace Collars in all the new shapes, sailors, square and points, at 49c, 98c, $1.25 and in easy advances up to $5.

Jet Fronts and Collars, 98c, $1.25, $1.39.

Mail orders are carefully filled by competent clerks. You receive the same benefits in trading by mail as if here in person. Please mention this paper when you order.

Respectfully,

Jonas Long's Sons

Cor. W. Market and Public Square.

JOHN R TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR,

AND Hatter.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM H. FISHER,
of Main Township.

TRADE AND BUSINESS.

Merchants Find the Situation at Present Unsatisfactory.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Wall street was the first to feel the effect of the Venezuelan message, but the depression has now reached the mercantile trades, and while merchants are talking hopefully of a good spring trade, there is no doubt that for the present business is unsatisfactory.

Bradstreet's, in the weekly review of trade, says: "The features of the week are continued retarded demand for merchandise and checked industrial operations. Least satisfactory is the waiting attitude of some of the more important industries."

The decline in bank clearings is 5 1-2 per cent. over the similar week of 1895, although they are 16 per cent. larger than in 1894.

COL. COIT ACQUITTED.

The Military Commander Who Fired Upon a Mob Goes Free.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 3.—Col. A. B. Coit, the commander of the milita who was indicted for the killing of the men shot by the militia when the attack was made upon the Washington Court House jail, has been acquitted. The mob was trying to lynch a negro who had assaulted a white woman, and intense feeling was created by the shooting.

COAL GOES UP.

The Coal Managers Form a Big Pool to Restrict the Output.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The coal managers met in New York on Thursday and formed the most important coal pool of many years. The eleven companies that practically control the entire production of anthracite coal agreed to a division of output and made what is believed to be a firm combination. Yesterday prices were put up 25 to 35 cents a ton.

A SAVAGE PROGRAMME.

The New Captain General of Cuba to Try the Severest Measures.

HAVANA, Cuba, Feb. 1.—After the arrival of General Weyler in Cuba the rebels will be given eight days to lay down their arms and surrender. If they do not do this General Weyler will inaugurate a campaign of blood and fire.

Where the Big Conventions Will be Held.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—It has been decided to hold the National Democratic Convention in the Coliseum in Chicago. The Republican Convention will be held in the Exposition Building, in St. Louis, Mo.

A New Warship Launched.

NEWPORT NEWS, Jan. 31.—The United States gunboat Helena, sister ship to the Wilmington, and the Plant Line steamer La Grande Duchesse, were launched here yesterday.

The House Against Free Silver.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The House Ways and Means Committee to-day by a vote of 11 to 8 refused to concur in the Senate Free Silver substitute for the House Bond bill.

Silver Men's Latest Coup.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The silver men on the Senate Finance Committee sprung a sensation on the Senate yesterday by forcing through that committee a report substituting a free coinage bill for the House Tariff bill.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

Two of the Louisiana delegates at-large to the National Republican Convention are for Reed and two for McKinley.

Dwight L. Moody, the Evangelist, preached the funeral sermon of his mother at East Northfield, Mass., last Wednesday.

The Indiana Supreme Court, declares the Republican apportionment act of 1895, and the Democratic act of 1893 unconstitutional.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. A pleasant laxative. All Druggists.

An Army of Students.

633 earnest students are now in attendance at Wood's College, Scranton. Mr. Williams, the owner and manager, has, at Rochester, N. Y., taught and lectured to 10,000 students, and written business College text books now used all over America, and in every business college within 100 miles of Scranton. The splendid faculty is retained and President Williams teaches day and evening. If you wish a thorough course in business or shorthand, call and investigate or send for College Journal. It pays to go to the best. O. F. WILLIAMS. 1-30 4t.

The COLUMBIAN, $1.00 a year.

EXHIBIT WEEK.

We will have THREE EXHIBITS this week, and every one is cordially invited to be present. Remember, these are for every one. We want you all to come. Mrs. C. B. Jones will be here representing Crotty & Mitchell, manufacturers of the now famous STERLING DRESS STAYS. Come in and see the finest Stays that have ever been invented. Every dress maker should not fail to come. Remember the dates WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY. On Thursday and Friday, January the 30th and 31st, Mr. F. P. Hoyd, representing Chase & Sanborn, will give an exhibit of their famous Seal BrandCoffees. If you are a lover of good coffee you can't afford to miss this. At the same time Holmes & Coutes will exhibit the celebrated Cream Milk Biscuit and Salted Banquet Crackers. Come in and have a cup of coffee and some crackers. We want you all to come. Remember the days and date—

WEDNESDAY, January 29.

THURSDAY, January 30.

FRIDAY, January 31.

Pursel & Harman,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

LICENSE APPLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that the following named person has filed with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia Co. his petition for license, which will be presented to said Court on Saturday, February 15, 1896, at 9.o'clock a. m.

William M. Kline, residence Benton borough, bounded on the north by Centre street, east by land of Samuel Krickbaum, south by Market street, and west by land of Elwood Knouse, said application being continued on January 20, 1896, by said court.

Clerk's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. January 22, 1896. } G. M. QUICK, Clerk Court of Quarter Sessions.

RAIN

in its season is a highly valuable element. We don't want it all the time, but there is one thing we do want. It is

MEAT.

Last article is indispensible. Then, why not get the best? Get it from a butcher that understands his business depends on his good meat.

Such a man is

WOLVERTON,
IRON STREET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HAVE THAT RUPTURE CURED NOW.

The busy season is over and you will probably never have a better opportunity. It only requires from four to eight weekly visits to my office to effect a cure, and you can work right along. Abner Welsh, Sup't. of the Jackson & Woodin Car Works, Berwick, Pa., after suffering for years was cured in eight visits and has discarded his truss. Write for testimonials of hundreds of other similar cures.

DR. A. P. O'MALLEY,
RUPTURE SPECIALIST,
80 S. Washington St. WILKES-BARRE.

It may be a little early to do your spring papering, but not too early to look over our large stock now ready for your inspection. In spite of the fact that the manufacturers charge us from 10 to 20 per cent. more than last year, we will sell at last year's low prices, and in some cases even lower.

Window curtains of all kinds. Room and picture moulding always in stock.

WILLIAM H. SLATE,
EXCHANGE HOTEL BLDG.

The Leading Conservatory of America
CARL FAELTEN, Director.
Founded in 1853 by E. Tourjée.
NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.
FRANKLIN SQ. BOSTON, MASS.
Send for Prospectus giving full information.
FRANK W. HALE, General Manager.

STATEMENT OF FINANCES OF COLUMBIA COUNTY,

FROM JANUARY 1, 1895, TO JANUARY 1, 1896.

DISTRICTS.	TAXES ASSESSED 1895. County.	Dog	State.	STILL DUE 1895. County	Dog.	State.	COUNTY 1897. Com.	Dis.	DOG 1895. Com	Dis.	STATE 1895. Com.	Dis.	COUNTY 1894. Com.	Ex.	Extra.	DOG 1894. Com.	Ex.	STATE 1894. Com.	Ex.	COUNTY 1893 Ex.	Return.	DOG '93 Ex	State '93. Ex	1892 County. Ex	'92. Dog Ex	1891. County Ex	1892. DOG. Ex	1891 County Ex	'91. Dog. Ex
Beaver	$ 699 69	$ 69 00	44 02	317 38	$ 31 50	$ 2 52	14 39	11 15	$ 1 49	90	$ 1 14	$ 1 95	.....	10 59	51 45	..	2 00	.....	43	6 23	51 04	3 50	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Benton Bor	340 20	22 50	40 88	84 97	15 00	2 54	8 23	10 86	2	38	1 19	1 92	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Benton Twp	557 41	68 00	47 50	237 67	32 50	6 97	12 19	11 29	1 08	1 02	1 15	2 58	.....	11 79	1 05	....	3 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Berwick	2246 28	71 50	502 65	648 49	46 50	46 43	30 39	79 98	71	1 25	13 01	22 83	.....	19 19	8 12	....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	....	42 13	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloom	5599 37	160 09	1716 30	2 89 38	130 50	73 17	87 63	143 34	1 10	1 43	36 96	72 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Briarcreek	1157 11	76 50	326 08	674 43	61 57	13 80	9 29	24 22	44	75	8 99	15 61	35 00	.....	.....	1 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Briarcreek	392 56	36 50	57 90	97 88	2 56	.....	10 20	10 52	1 38	65	87	1 17	.....	4 31	9 21	....	5 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Catawissa Twp	1329 36	55 00	463 91	539 45	37 50	34 76	15 02	39 54	33	88	8 15	21 46	.....	34 34	.....	....	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Catawissa Bor	952 54	25 00	400 97	480 80	25 00	141 94	13 33	23 74	.....	.....	7 38	12 95	15 78	112 97	1 75	....	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53 32	10 00	.....	.....
Centralia	1541 96	75 80	128 91	228 68	28 00	3 65	43 57	35 70	90	2 38	2 39	6 29	10 00	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	10 72	.....	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9 10	8 62
Centre	611 30	65 50	81 92	171 34	27 00	15 34	17 36	10 79	1 57	85	2 47	1 88	.....	4 42	6 28	....	1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland	1849 50	31 50	38 20	239 73	31 50	90	30 61	80 56	.....	.....	46	1 08	7 89	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Conyngham	1081 01	76 00	103 60	464 51	30 00	.....	18 45	20 00	1 65	1 70	3 58	3 75	.....	5 92	6 02	....	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fishingcreek	519 50	46 00	48 97	14 47	.....	.....	14 39	25 25	1 31	2 30	1 40	2 45	.....	3 45	.....	....	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Franklin	961 14	96 00	109 55	281 15	41 50	7 60	21 11	24 14	1 86	1 55	2 93	5 03	.....	11 78	33	....	7 50	.....	1 20	11 93	1 32	3 00	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood	981 00	69 50	68 16	279 41	33 75	.....	25 05	23 23	1 31	1 03	2 09	3 28	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hemlock	393 10	47 50	81 90	138 71	25 00	6 78	6 66	3 62	80	50	2 56	54	5 29	2 93	.....	....	1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	813 77	79 00	175 70	115 56	16 41	2 82	22 16	29 67	2 12	1 29	4 93	8 65	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Locust	1038 94	72 50	133 83	354 61	36 62	20 57	20 82	21 72	1 26	88	2 65	4 86	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison	595 71	45 50	129 77	240 59	42 00	19 68	11 66	14 36	76	98	1 14	5 50	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Main	862 96	87 00	88 74	307 63	45 50	4 66	20 47	17 12	1 67	95	2 71	3 48	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	2 17	6 64	3 50	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mifflin	342 23	19 00	359 64	78 50	10 98	.....	8 73	10 59	27	32	11 63	18 49	.....	19 25	.....	....	1 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Millville	795 51	37 00	73 16	398 35	30 00	5 16	12 26	21 51	43	75	1 94	3 40	14 41	5 09	.....	35	2 00	03	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montour	594 99	59 50	74 43	172 00	27 00	1 04	14 56	18 25	1 23	1 00	2 17	3 49	.....	1 26	.....	....	1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mt. Pleasant	926 98	60 00	271 03	152 66	25 50	96	25 92	29 78	1 28	1 67	7 72	13 45	.....	7 29	3 14	....	3 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orange	401 21	46 00	97 64	284 07	35 50	22 49	3 56	5 90	30	53	63	76	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	13 85	1 98	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pine	408 23	39 50	94 84	89 71	14 03	1 95	12 76	7 37	1 09	45	2 62	4 25	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roaringcreek	1275 46	86 50	257 95	345 55	54 10	71 14	22 63	33 72	96	1 08	3 35	7 26	.....	11 65	7 00	....	2 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott	479 87	88 00	11 75	279 34	63 16	3 49	7 64	5 63	1 67	40	35	15	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	29680 89																												
Sixty day list	33 78	$1791 00	$5993 91		$961 99		$566 55	$786 63	$28 53	$27 11	$140 48	$250 18	$88 37	$267 13	$94 35		$61 00		$ 1 63										
	$29714 67			$9783 42		$509 07										1 60		03											

B

AMOUNT DUE FROM COLLECTORS PREVIOUS TO 1895.

DISTRICTS.	YEAR.	COLLECTOR.	COUNTY.	DOG.	STATE.
Catawissa	1889	J. R. Bibby	$	$ 20 00	$
Conyngham	1890	W. H. Reinbold	54 34	44 70	1 18
Centralia	1891	Thomas Liddicoat	18 04		
Conyngham	1892	Charles Welderman	3 2 15	34 55	6 80
Millville	1892	W. B. German	9 11	2 50	8 78
Beaver	1893	Simon Rittenhouse		14 61	2 54
Berwick	1893	John B. Lockard	213 17	25 50	128 87
Bloom	1893	M. C. Woodward	1255 16	62 50	393 89
*Conyngham	1893	Jacob Benner (acting)	318 02	38 00	
Greenwood	1893	Gotlelb Hartman	9 99		
Main	1893	A. W. Shuman	10 52	16 50	02
Sugarloaf	1893	James Shultz	19 18	13 75	5 70
Beaver	1894	N. H. Ney	294 56		
Sugarloaf	1894	J. K. Bittenbender	100 13	98 50	6 00
Bloom	1894	W. S. Ash	80 82	4 50	3 30
Briarcreek	1894	W. E. Creasy	239 47	6 00	
Centre	1894	Jacob Benner	219 79	19 50	9 40
Conyngham	1894	E. H. Witner	48 16	6 40	
Locust	1894	G. W. Ande	62 02	38 00	12 77
Madison	1894	A. W. Shuman	95 28	19 78	32 77
Main	1894	W. B. Goodhart	2 3 59	27 50	14 69
Mifflin	1894	O. P. DeLong	45 00	2 51	
Orange	1894	R. M. Potter	177 49	31 62	10 57
Pine	1894	T. H. Smith	67 87	20 86	84
Sugarloaf					
			$4783 72	$547 52	$698 61

*The County Treasurer collected what he could of Conyngham for 1893, and Mr. Benner takes the books to see what he can get of it.

We find $5969.25 due from collectors previous to 1895, and we suggest that the County Commissioners enter suit against bondsmen of the said collectors' during the year and have these back taxes cleared from the records.

LICENSE ACCOUNT.

DISTRICTS.	TOWNSHIP SHARES	TREAS. COM.	COUNTY SHARE.	TOTAL AMOUNT.	WHO DREW TWP. SHARE.
Beaver	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	Henry Eckroat.
Benton	171 00	9 00	45 00	225 00	James N. Shultz.
Berwick, restaurants	342 00	18 00	90 00	450 00	First National Bank, Berwick.
Berwick, hotel	342 00	18 00	90 00	450 00	" " "
Bloom restaurants	570 00	30 00	150 00	750 00	J. H. Maize, Treas.
Bloom. hotel	684 00	36 00	180 00	900 00	" " "
Briarcreek	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	Samuel S Sitler.
Catawissa twp	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	John Huber.
" bor., restaurants	228 00	12 00	60 00	300 00	C. E. Geyer, Atty.
" " hotels	342 00	18 00	90 00	450 00	" " "
Centralia, restaurants	798 00	42 00	210 00	1050 00	G. W. Davis, Treas.
" hotels	912 00	48 00	240 00	1200 00	" " "
Conyngham, restaurants	114 00	6 00	30 00	150 00	W. A. Marr, Atty.
" hotels	228 00	12 00	60 00	300 00	" " "
Greenwood	114 00	6 00	30 00	150 00	Samuel Miller.
Hemlock	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	Lewis Girton and James Gulliver.
Locust	114 00	6 00	30 00	150 00	John A. Bitner.
Madison	114 00	6 00	30 00	150 00	George Whitenight.
Main	114 00	6 00	30 00	150 00	J. C. Shuman.
Mifflin	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	W. P. Hetler and Wm. Spade.
Montour	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	Michael Rouch.
Orange	114 00	6 00	30 00	150 00	Albert Achenbach.
Pine	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	Theodore Mendenhall.
Scott	114 00	6 00	30 00	150 00	Wilson Wanich.
Sugarloaf, restaurants	57 00	3 00	15 00	75 00	J. B. Davis and Gearhart Hess.
" hotel	285 00	15 00	75 00	375 00	" " " " "
	6156 00	324 00	1620 00	8100 00	

J. R. FOWLER, County Treasurer, in account with Columbia County.

Jan. 1st, 1896. DR.

To amt. rec'd on county tax on dup's prior to 1894	$ 979 18	
To amt. rec'd on dog tax on dup's prior to 1894	112 86	
To amt. rec'd on state tax on dup's prior to 1894	27 59	
		$ 1119 63
To amt. rec'd on county tax on dup's for 1894	8793 34	
To amt. rec'd on dog tax on dup's for 1894	580 87	
To amt. rec'd on state tax on dup's for 1894	185 65	
		9559 86
To amt. rec'd on county tax on dup's for 1895	18578 07	
To amt. rec'd on dog tax on dup's for 1895	773 37	
To amt. rec'd on state tax on dup's for 1895	5004 20	24,355 64
Total amt rec'd on tax dup's		$35,035 13
To amt. collected on seated lands	63 61	
To amt. collected on unseated lands	621 55	
		685 16
To amt. due county from hotel and restaurant licenses	1620 00	
To amt. rec'd from former Treasurer, license money	142 50	
		1762 50
To amt. rec'd from former Treasurer	1437 50	
To amt. rec'd from Commonwealth ⅘ state personal tax 1894	3893 62	
To amt. rec'd, redemption money	157 04	
		5488 16
To amt. rec'd from John Barber et. al., old plank	22 40	
To amt. rec'd from Geo. E. Elwell, committee support M. Weaver	91 25	
To amt. rec'd from L. Lyons rent of jail ice house	6 00	
To amt. rec'd from H. Trego, com. costs	8 00	
To amt. received from County Commissioners, land sale	290 45	
To amt. rec'd from G. M. Quick, jury fees	144 00	
To amt. rec'd from Frank Miller, fast driving over Catawissa river bridge	5 00	
		567 10
Amt. balance on hand from last settlement		24941 75
		$68479 80

CR.

By amt. paid state, personal tax	5845 18	
By Com. to Treas	59 04	
		$ 5904 22
By amt. sheep orders red'med	406 00	
By Com. to Treas	16 24	
		422 24
By amt. county orders redeemed	35077 33	
By Com. to Treas	1823 09	
		34900 42
By amt. county bonds redeemed	7000 00	
By Com. to Treas	280 00	
		7280 00
By amt. paid interest on county bonds	6449 38	
By Com. to Treas	257 98	
		6707 36
By amt. paid W. C. Johnston, county supt	200 00	
By Com. to Treas	8 00	
		208 00
By amt. paid tax collectors for receipt books	1 50	
By Com. to Treas	06	
		1 56
By amt. paid commonwealth for tax on county indebtedness	476 67	476 67
By amt. to balance		13659 33
		$68479 80

DR.

To bal. in hands of Treas	$ 13579 33	$13579 33
To Com. to Treas. on county's share of license for 1894. Same have been allowed subject to appeal that was pending at that time. (See county statement of 1894.) This item is surcharged to County Treas	82 50	82 50
Total in hands of Treas		$13161 83

J. R. FOWLER, Treasurer, in acct. with State.

Wholesale liquor, bottlers', mercantile and billiard licenses, and tax on county indebtedness.

DR.

To amt. wholesale liquor license	$1000 00	
To amt. brewers' and distillers' license	500 00	
To amt. billiard and pool license	220 00	
To amt. bottlers' license	303 00	
To amt. bottlers' license	30 00	
To amt. circus license	2405 00	
To amt. mercantile license		
To amt. tax on county indebtedness	476 67	$4941 67

CR.

By amt. paid state, wholesale liquor license	$ 950 00	
By Com to Treas	50 00	
		$ 1000 00
By amt. paid state, brewers' and distillers' license	475 00	
By Com. to Treas	25 00	
		500 00
By amt. paid state, billiard and pool license	218 50	
By Com. to Treas	11 50	
		230 00
By amt. paid state, bottlers	285 00	
By Com. to Treas	15 00	
		300 00
By amt. paid state, circus license	28 53	
By Com. to Treas	1 40	
		30 00
By amt. paid state, mercantile license	2146 63	
By amt. paid advertising mercantile license	264 50	
By Com. to Treas	61 46	
		2411 99
By amt. paid state, tax county indebtedness	452 84	
By Com. to Treas	23 83	
		476 67 4948 66
By bal. due County Treas. overpaid the state		6 99

Commissioners' expenses for which orders were issued on the County Treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

Central Telephone Co., use of phone	$ 53 95
J. C. Brown, Nomination blanks	21 00
Ira T. Clement, ballot boxes and guard rail	31 25
Ikeler & Ikeler, Atty., division of Hemlock	25 00
Matthew McReynolds et. al	37 10
W. S. Fleckenstine, board, Pauline Zimmerman, a pauper	2 00
J. B. Mellenry sheriff, expenses bringing John Thomas from Pittsburg penitentiary	81 28
J. B. Mellenry, taking prisoners to Eastern penitentiary	204 87
J. B. McHenry, taking prisoner to Huntington	38 50
J. B McHenry, taking down fish walls	38 63
Creasy & Wells, election booths	23 25
A. C. Hilday, horse hire	10 40
O. B. Mellick Atty. in re division Scott	25 00
J. C Brown, et. al " " "	31 75
Buckalew Bros. et al in " "	7 00
E. J. Brown, sprinkling street	13 50
D. W. Lenhan et al, moving election booths, putting up and taking down and taking care same	19 85
J. C. Rutter Jr. administering oaths	1 50
Adams Express Co. et al expressage, freights etc	25 97
W. Cook Smith & Co., flag for C. H	4 40
Bloom Poor District, board and attention of Frank Lee, a pauper	18 50
John Harman, auditing public accounts for 1894	25 00
C. B. Ent, recording oaths of officers	6 60
C. B. Ent, reporting mortgages, etc	60 60
W. B. Shoemaker, booth curtains	24
Franklin Poor District, support John Howard	32 94
G. M. Quick, recording twp officers	42 50
G. M. Quick, reporting judgments	114 40
G. M Quick recording birth and deaths	184 55
H. W. Sloan, bunting for Court House	1 62
J. W. Moyer, flags, etc " "	2 63
H. J. Clark & Son, bunting for Court House	3 81
Blue & Heddens dinner for men taking out fish dams	2 27
John S. Williams, selling lands, Commissioners' sale	10 00
W. H. Gilmore, flags for Court House	5 00
P. Foulk, hauling lumber	50
Commissioner and clerk expenses to Commissioners' convention	41 84
O. S Poor, Catawissa, care Wm Ritchie, a pauper	18 43
O S Poor, Catawissa, care T Wilson, a pauper	8 10
J G Swank, horse hire	39 50
W. H. Swank, " "	48 50
Bloom Poor District, burial of Walter Hayes	25 00
F R Drake, constable services in Andrew Cust case	20 00
Joseph Sperring, repairs hydrant Catawissa bridge house	6 00
Mattie Coffman, washing towels during year	3 00
	$1457 63

COURTS, JURORS' PAY, CONSTABLES RETURNS TO SESSIONS.

F. B. Singley et al., constables returns	483 50
Harry Aurand et al., grand jurors during year	731 49
David Albertson et al., traverse jurors during year	805 94
Newton Walker, stenographer	869 94
S. E. Ennis, " special term	170 70
M. E. Cox et al., tip staves	374 00
D. R. Coffman, court crier	228 00
Geo. Aurand & Son, boarding jurors	20 00
Blue & Heddens, " "	32 50
John Moury, serving jury notices, &c.	40 50
J. B. Mellenry, serving jurors, drawing jurors &c	114 90
A. Herbine, jury commissioner	48 50
I. K. K. Laubach, jury commissioner	46 70
C. M. Terwilliger, clerk for jury com	23 00
	$6316 94

COSTS IN COMMONWEALTH CASES.

G. M. Quick, proth'y	113 80
John Moury, sheriff	16 18
T. B. Hanly, attorney	151 37
Justices, constables and witnesses	1249 71
	$1531 06

ROADS AND BRIDGES, VIEWERS AND ROAD DAMAGES.

H. W. Hess, road damage, Mifflin	15 00
Wesley & Smith, road damages Benton	55 01
Joel Moser, road damage, Madison	13 00
Edward Hartman, road damage, Madison	175 00
A. F. Wolforth, road damage, Madison	50 00
Jno. Musselman, road damage, Orange	10 00
Holland McHenry, " " Benton	10 00
C. G. Barkley, att'y " "	130 03
Ira Hess, road damage, "	60 00
A. T. Ikeler, road damage, "	200 00
C. P. Cox, road damage, "	30 00
C. G. Barkley, att'y, J. F. Chapin, road damage, Benton	130 00
Iliff Arter, road damage, Pine	75 00
J. F. Fowler, " "	22 50
Howard Watts, road damages, Pine	50 01
H. F. Dirk, " "	40 00
Elijah Shoemaker, road damages, Pine	60 01
C. R. Cox for Jane McHenry, road damages, Benton	45 00
Sundry surveyors and viewers	30 00
	264 01
	1434 51

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE AND COURT HOUSE.

W. M. Monroe, auditing accts., 1894	$ 51 72
W. A. Dreisbach " " "	60 36
W. F. Stohner, " " "	61 80
C. M. Terwilliger, clerk	33 00
Wesley Mordan, work at Court House	29 37
A. Herbine, " " "	5 00
W. J. Correll, chairs for " "	57 00
Prof. L. P. Sterner, special accountant County Appeal	30 03
W. S. Lingle, binding newspaper files	4 50
A. C. DeSnepperd, repairs at Court House	2 75
W. A. Evert, assisting writing book form R. for assessors	14 25
Moyer Bros., sundries	1 94
W. H. Swank, delivering assess and register books	8 00
Clark Yost, delivering assess and register books	8 50
G. M. Ikeler, expenses delivering assess and register books	14 00
Commissioners, for expenses holding appeals	51 40
I. Hagenbuch, assisting copying assess box and tax duplicates	19 50
R. B. Zarr, assisting copying assess box and tax duplicates	48 75
J. Q. Barkley, assisting copying assess box and tax duplicates	47 25
Harry Grozier, ½ doz. brooms	1 63
Pursel & Harman, sundries	5 95
O. B. Mellick, cementing balcony floor	68 00
O. B. Mellick, cementing and plastering basement	112 09
W. H. Brower, linoleum	20 00
Miles Betz, copying registering books	6 00
Frank Weth, stone	1 00
J. R. Schuyler & Co., sundries	35
Harry Housel, seal	80
P. K. Vannatta, painting	65 48
R. M. McBride "	5 60
Daniel Miller, "	14 00
M. H. Rhoads, carpenter work	68 00
Fred Schwinn, hauling	75
T. L. Gunton, cleaning stone work	25 00
Creasy & Wells, lumber	42 29
R. T. Smith & Son	3 72
Bloom Ice Co., ice	6 23
Charles Sterner, work at Court House	3 00
J. C. Brown, plans and supt. repairs basement	24 75
W. O. Holmes, plumbing	40 20
W. F. Hartman, "	584 34
Bloom Gas Co., gas	75 50
Bloom Electric and Power Co	127 75
Bloom Water Co., water	140 85
Bloom Steam Heat and E. L. Co., steam heat	550 00
T. M. Dawson, repairs	30 37
S. F. Peacock & Co., sundries	24 51
Gorrey & Mellick, on acct. contract reg. vault	474 00
D. R. Coffman, janitor	500 00
W. H. Rhawn, att'y	100 00
" " " county appeal case	400 00
J. G. Swank, commissioner	949 56
G. M. Ikeler, commissioner	951 28
W. H. Utt, commissioner	959 12
C. M. Terwilliger, clerk	900 00
	$7611 93

COUNTY JAIL.

Wm. Gingles, sundries	10 79
J. E Heacock, repairs	3 00
A C Deshepperd "	7 80
J W Mordan, carpenter work	63 55
Henry Cotterman " "	7 00
Charles Reimard, mason "	45 85
Edward Shaffer, hauling ashes	7 75
Louis Gross, clothing for prisoners	1 25
D Lowenberg est, " " "	60
Farmers' Produce Ex., sundries	4 42
J A Hess, shoes for prisoners	1 95
Kahleman & Wolf, plumbing	4 82
W O Holmes, plumbing	298 05
Geo P Ringler, medicine for prisoners	2 30
C A Klein " " "	8 95
J H Mercer " " "	8 90
T C Harter, physician " "	9 30
Harry Grozier, ½ doz brooms	1 60
F R Drake, repairs	27 75
Fred Schwinn, hauling	1 75
W. H. Brower, carpet lifting	2 31
Bloom Water Co., water	62 15
Bloom Gas Co., gas	80 75
W. R. Kocher & Co, coal	45 72
F. R. Carpenter, coal	148 57
Creasy & Wells, lumber	66 51
John Mourey Sheriff, boarding prisoners from Dec. 1, '94	203 85
John Mourey, sheriff, washing for prisoners, from Dec. 1, '94	17 90
John Mourey sheriff, Turnkey fees	15 00
J. B. McHenry, " boarding prisoners	746 10
" " " washing for "	64 10
" " " Turnkey fees	39 60
G. M. Holdren, janitor, 3 months	96 00
H. H. Kline, " 9 "	225 00
	$2271 54

PRINTING, STATIONERY AND POSTAGE

J H Mercer, box rent and postage		44 91
Mary J. Hunt, stationery		25 54
J. W. Meyer		19 54
J. Van Ullen, pens		3 80
Wm. Mann Co., stationery		82 70
W. H. Slate, "		5 95
Millville Tablet		1 00
C. E. Randall election proclamation	25	
C. E. Randall, advertising and blanks	60 75	
		85 75
Benton Argus, election proclamation	25	
Benton Argus, county statement	45	
Benton Argus, advertising and blanks	43	
		113 00
G. E. Elwell, court calendar for '95	28	
G. E. Elwell, court calendar Feby. T. '96	7	
G. E. Elwell, election proclamation	25	
G. E. Elwell, county statement	45	
G. E. Elwell, advertising and blanks	69 35	
		174 35
J. C. Brown, election proclamation	25	
J. C. Brown, county statement	45	
J. C. Brown, advertising and blanks	52	
		122 00
		669 50

INQUISITIONS.

N P Moore, inquest on body Peter Whitenight	11 35
Andrew J Lenihan, inquest on body Charles Kosuski	14 28
John J Laughlin, inquest on body G W Evans	13 03
Guy Jacoby and others, inquest on body Walter Hayes	21 54
D C Black, inquest on bodies E Mills and Charles Price	27 81
John M Clark, inquest on body Mrs John James	21 87
	$ 109 68

BRIDGES, BUILDING AND REPAIRS.

BEAVER.

Jno A Freisch, repairs Breisch bridge	$ 7 00

BENTON.

W M Kline, showing Benton and Edson bridges	4 00
Jasper Shultz, filling Edson bridge	1 75
G W Knouse et al, repairs Edson bridge	10 00
J L C Kline, repairs Benton bridge	1 90
J L C Kline, repairs Laubach bridge	40 22
J J McHenry, lumber Laubach bridge	19 81
John Barber et al, work Karns bridge	18 97
G W Knouse et al, work Karns bridge	51 42
R T Smith & Son, lumber Karns bridge	26 00
R T Smith & Son, lumber West Creek bridge	19 87
J L C Kline et al, work, West Creek bridge	26 25
G W Knouse et al, work Thomas bridge	22 00
	$ 242 20

BLOOM.

Lloyd Shuman et al, snowing river bridge	12 00
Charles Jones et al, repairs river bridge	24 50
Bloom Car Co, lumber river bridge	13 16
John Walter, snowing double track bridge	4 00
S F Peacock & Co, sundries double track bridge	6 48
John N Gordon, repairs double track bridge	10 91
Fred Schwinn, hauling, red rock bridge	1 50
Eri Trivelpiece, lumber, red rock bridge	67 88
W. I. Demaree, lumber, red rock bridge	14 00
W N Moser, plank, red rock bridge	179 03
Peter Werkheiser et al, work, red rock bridge	68 14
S F Peacock & Co, nails, &c, Red Rock bridge	7 66
Percival Foulk, hauling lumber and filling, Red Rock bridge	2 00
John Walter, filling, Barton bridge	1 00
	$ 412 26

CATAWISSA.

S. B. Rhawn, snowing, river bridge, '93 and '94	15 00
Lorah Styers, snowing, river bridge, '94	5 00
Elias Strausser, snowing river bridge, '93 and '94	14 50
C W. Harder, lumber, river bridge	25 93
John Billeg, lumber, river bridge	20 40
Baier & Geyer, lumber, river bridge	40 00
Samuel Neyhard, hauling lumber, river bridge	8 70
Thomas Hartman, et. al. labor, river bridge	64 68
W. G. Yetter, et. al., labor paper mill bridge	306 63
C. W. Harder, lumber, paper mill, bridge	51 65
John Billeg, lumber, paper mill bridge	57 36
Baier & Geyer, lumber, paper mill bridge	71 72
The Hamlin Wheel Co, sundries, paper mill bridge	34 83
C. S. Smick & Son, sund ies, paper mill bridge	6 65
D. H. Fetterolf, repairs, paper mill bridge	15 25

BURIAL OF DECEASED SOLDIERS.

Wm. Thomas, burial of Isaac Brittain	35 00
C. P. Sloan, burial of H. C. Eves, C. Earnest and Abram Kellow	103 00
J. W. Evans, burial of W. C. Barnard	35 00
Edward Stewart, burial of Peter Bonny	25 00
G. G. Baker, burial of Josiah Reedy	35 00
W. E. Dietterich, burial of James Fowler	35 00
H. C. Michaels, burial of James Ryan	35 00
H. H. Kremser, burial of Edward Kremser	35 00
J. N. Piter, burial of Nathaniel Joslin	31 00
Robert Anderson, burial of David Watkins	25 00
Herman T. Young, headstone for D. Maus	15 00
L. Kurtz & Son, headstones for Isaac Drum, I. Brittain, R. Tartleton, J. W. Monarter, H. C. Eves, J. McCormack, P. Bonny, A. Bird and S. Hill	135 00
	$ 569 00

RECAPITULATION.

Miscellaneous expenses	1457 63
Courts, jurors' pay, constables' return to sessions	6316 04
Costs in commonwealth cases	1531 06
Road and bridge views and road damages	1431 51
Commissioners' office and court House	7411 03
County jail	2271 84
Printing, stationery and post	699 50
Inquisitions	119 68
Bridges, building and repairs	3545 15
Penitentiary and asylums	953 98
Assessors' pay	2074 58
Scalps	114 00
Election expenses	3167 66
Blank books	596 57
Taxes refunded	790 27
Burial of deceased soldiers	569 00
	$ 33077 33

RECAPITULATION OF EMOLUMENTS RECEIVED BY THE OFFICERS OF THE COUNTY.

J. G. Swank, days at office, 170 @ $3.50	595 00	
J. G. Swank for delivering election tickets, repairs of bridges and road, and bridge views, 75 days @ $3.50	262 50	
	857 50	
J. G. Swank, traveling expenses accrued during year	187 06	
		$1044 56
W. H. Utt, days at office, 194 @ $3.50	679.	
W. H. Utt, for delivering books, election tickets, repairs of bridges, road and bridge views, 64 days @ $3.50	224.	
	903	
W. H. Utt, traveling expenses accrued during year	12 82	
		$1023 82
G. M. Ikeler days at office, 184 @ $3.50	644.	
G. M. Ikeler, for delivering books, election tickets, repairs of bridges, road and bridge views, 54 days @ $3.50	189.	
	833	
G. M. Ikeler, traveling expenses accrued during year	172 70	
		$1005 70
C. M. Terwilliger, Clerk		990 00
C. B. Ent, Register and Recorder		67 20
G. M. Quick, Prothonotary		455 25
J. R. Fowler, Treasurer		2231 76
J. F. McHenry, Sheriff		1327 58
Newton Walker, Stenographer		869 93
W. H. Rhawn, Atty		800 00
D R Coffman, janitor and court crier		583 00
G M Holdren, janitor at jail for 8 mos		96 00
H H Kline, janitor at jail for 9 mos		225 00
W M Monroe, county auditor		51 72
W A Dreisbach, county auditor		60 36
W F Stohner, county auditor		6 80

COUNTY FINANCES.

LIABILITIES.

Amount of outstanding bonds	$155500 00	
Floating debt estimated	1850 00	157350 00
		$157350 00

ASSETS.

Amt. tax outstand'g	$17263 74	
Less est. com. ex., etc	950 00	
	$ 16273 74	
Amt. state personal tax due from commonwealth for '95	4983 87	
Bal. in hands County Treas	1507 83	
Amt. of county share license commission allowed subject to appeal	82 50	23819 44
		$126530 56
Amount of county bonds due 1896	$ 4500 00	
Amount of interest on bonds for 1896	6240 00	
	$ 10740 00	

We certify that the foregoing is a full and accurate statement of all receipts and expenditures for Columbia county for the year 1895.

J. G. SWANK, } Com's
G. M. IKELER, } of
W. H. UTT, } Col. Co.

Attest: C. M. TERWILLIGER, Clerk.

We, the undersigned auditors of Columbia county, being elected to adjust and settle the accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of Columbia county, do hereby certify that we met at the Commissioners' and Treasurer's offices in Bloomsburg, Monday, January 6th, 1896, at 9 o'clock, and proceeded to audit the accounts of the above named offices, and after carefully examining the same from Jan. 1, 1895, to Jan. 1, 1896, we find a balance in the hands of J. R. Fowler, Treasurer, of ($12161.83) thirteen thousand one hundred sixty-one and 83-100 dollars.

W. M. MONROE, }
W. A. DREISBACH, } Auditors.
W. F. STOHNER, }

Attest: C. M. TERWILLIGER Clerk

Feathers as Popular Trimmings.

Feathers are everywhere. Combined with imitation jewels and jet they make most elaborate trimmings. Vandyke points made of black ostrich plumes are strikingly effective on light colored evening gowns. Small curly tips are used for outlining decollete bodices. In the stores narrow feather trimming is sold by the yard for expensive cloth costumes. It is appliqued to the bodice to simulate a vest or to outline seams. Spangles are frequently combined with a feather fringe. Trimmings formed of feather pendants are another novelty. The pendants swing from a jeweled band, and outline a corsage beautifully. The newest satins for evening gowns have raised velvet flowers for the designs and are wonderfully soft and beautiful.

A Word About Birthdays.

A lonely woman, one who was bearing patiently a great sorrow, surprised a friend one day by saying: "Come with me next Tuesday, it is my birthday, and I want you to help me celebrate it." "Why should she care to celebrate her birthday?" thought the friend. But the next week she learned, for the sorrowful one went loaded with gifts to an institution in which she took a keen interest. "I want some one to be glad that I was born," said she, and that is the noblest, best and happiest thought that can come to us on our birthdays. It is pleasant to be remembered and to receive presents, but whether surrounded with love or suffering from neglect, which is more often thoughtlessness than intention, we can make some one happier because we were born.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

OUR FOREIGN AFFAIRS CONTINUE TO EXCITE ATTENTION.

The Relation Between Ducking Trips and Messages—The Venezuela Commission Is Slow—Cuba and Armenia—Social Gaiety—Woman Suffrage.

Special Washington Letter.

The fact that the President took a day off on a ducking trip down the Potomac this week seemed to set the tongue of gossip in full cry. Nothing less than a new war message was expected in the camp of the newsmongers here. While speculation was busy as to whether the new message would relate to the Cuban rebellion, the Armenian massacres, or some new phase of the Venezuelan question, the President

Gen. Maximo Gomez.

came back with the rather unlucky number of thirteen ducks. This does not seem to presage a new message.

Regarding foreign affairs, the Venezuela question presents no new features. There is no doubt manifested on the part of the English press and Government the most earnest desire to preserve amicable relations with this country. The probability of a war with the mother country has almost wholly disappeared. The Venezuela Commission is proceeding with great deliberation in its work, and there is an undercurrent of opinion that in the end the adjudication of the matter the commission may make will prove the basis of negotiations for a final settlement. No report is expected within a couple of months, and the solution of the matter is likely to wait upon the action of the commission. All reports from Venezuela indicate that no settlement is likely to be effected directly between the parties to the dispute. Venezuelan patriotism is running high, and it is scarcely probable that President Crespo would grant concessions that would be satisfactory to the Salisbury Government. A peaceable solution is assured, because the aspect of Eastern affairs disposes the English people at present to seek the friendship rather than the hostility of the United States. The Venezuelan question will doubtless await upon such initiative as the British may assume following the action of the American commission.

But how about Cuba? Undoubtedly the recall of Gen. Campos places a different face on the situation of affairs there. The declaration of sympathy with the Cuban struggle for liberty as expressed in the resolutions reported by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations are likely to precipitate a crisis unless the President takes previous action. The expectation is that the new Spanish Captain-General will pursue a policy of sanguinary vengeance toward the rebels. Gen. Weyler y Nicolau is said to be the opposite of Campos in every particular. He has a reputation for severity and harshness, but he is certainly not the equal of Campos as a strategist. Mere cruelty is not now likely to daunt the Cubans, but rather to rouse them to greater activity. Late intelligence shows that Gomez is in good health, spite of his wound, and is recruiting his strength for the struggle that must ensue when Weyler and his 25,000 additional Spanish troops arrive. No doubt the Spanish troops may gain some successes, but the Cubans can readily avoid a decisive contest. The rainy season is near at hand, and military experts here believe that the Spanish opportunity has passed. Be this as it may, the Cuban question seems to afford about as lively a chance for a new foreign complication as anything at present in sight.

To be sure, there is the Armenian question, which some enthusiastic gentlemen in Congress would like to make the pretext for a declaration of war

Mrs. Louis Davidson (nee Miss Mary Quay).

against Turkey. But it is difficult to see how the United States can interfere without danger of becoming involved in such "entangling foreign alliances" as President Washington particularly warned the American people against. Besides, the Turko-Russian pact, which seems to be the newest phase of the Eastern situation, undoubtedly involves a proper protectorate of the Christians in Armenia. The concurrent resolutions adopted by both houses of Congress relating to the Armenian persecution simply request the President to inform the signatory powers to the Berlin treaty of 1878 of the opinion of Congress that the treaty should be enforced. The inutility of such a message to the powers of Europe can readily be perceived. Unlike a joint resolution, or bill, concurrent resolutions are merely suggestive, and it is not compulsory on the Executive to pay any attention to them.

Meantime, Miss Clara Barton is proceeding on her way to the Orient, and it is doubtful if any fleet we could send would prove so powerful to render real assistance to the suffering Armenians as this representative of the Red Cross Society and volunteer commissioner of the American people.

Socially, Washington was never more lively. It is one continual round of teas, receptions, dinners, etc., varied occasionally by a wedding. Undoubtedly the most interesting event this week was the wedding of Miss Mary Quay and Mr. Louis R. Davidson. Senator Quay is known far and wide as a politician whose shrewdness and power dominates Pennsylvania politics, and as such he has friends and enemies galore, but personally and socially he is popular. But he is not to be compared in popularity with the charming daughter who has taken on herself the vows of matrimony. The well wishes of hosts of friends go with her in her new life.

The annual meeting of the National Equal Suffrage Association here this week was quite as interesting and zealous as any previous gathering of the suffrage sisterhood. Yet something of a cloud rests on the cause at present, and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, the president, frankly stated that it was due to the new "Woman's Bible," which Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton and certain coadjutors have put forth. One may well wonder at the real purpose of this book. No doubt it was intended to advance the cause of woman's political emancipation, yet it really threatens to divide and weaken the forces working to that end. Mrs. Stanton and those who accept her leadership represent the past rather than the present of the suffrage movement. The present trend of the suffragist view, if one may judge by the spirit rather than the words of the convention, is that the new woman is to give up none of her charm or domestic qualities in seeking equality with man in the exercise of political right. This picture of woman adding to her intellectual powers while retaining all her personal graces is an alluring one. And some of the fair speakers at the convention fully realized it. It is useless to deny that the old style of suffrage argument was distasteful if not alarming to most men. The new style is much more acceptable. Yet the committee of the Suffrage Association that undertook to ilist the sympathy of Congress met

The Modern Type.

but a cool reception. But two Senators, Call and Peffer, were present in the marble room of the Senate to receive the committee of ladies. The Judiciary Committee of the House likewise received the ladies and listened attentively to their arguments. But Congress is apathetic, and what the ungallant statesmen doubtless consider more serious matters await their action at present. But Washington will always welcome the suffragist convention.

A Few Words to Skaters.

The word "skate" was imported from Holland, where the schaat, as the Dutch call it, is almost a necessity in winter. In many places there they have canals instead of roads, and when these are frozen, market-men and women with their loads of vegetables, merchants transacting their business, boys and girls going to school, and almost all foot passengers glide swiftly along on skates. It is probable that the Dutch first learned the art from their more northern neighbors of Norway and Sweden, where the first skates were made of the shin bones of the deer or sheep, bound upon the foot with strips of skin. This must have been hundreds of years ago, as mention is made of skates in one of the oldest Scandinavian poems. In Northern Europe there is less snow than in this country, and skating is a universally popular amusement. In this country it has recently become fashionable for both sexes and all ages to skate, and ponds for this purpose have been prepared near most of our large villages and cities.

We have seen clergymen, lawyers, doctors and their families enjoying this recreation, and all agree that when properly indulged in it is a most healthful as well as pleasant exercise. It has its dangers, however, against which our young readers especially should guard. Skating should not be allowed to interfere with work or study. Teachers often say they dread smooth ice and pleasant weather; lessons are neglected and the minds of their pupils go skating off during school hours; and not a few mothers have had reason to complain that their daughters found the skating pond too attractive for the performance of home duties. Some care is needed to prevent injury to health from this exercise. Physicians report a large increase in some diseases in winter, since skating has come into fashion. Avoid great exertion, as in racing, by which the body becomes heated, and then suddenly cooled by the keen air when the exercise is over. Never sit down out of doors "to cool off." A friend of the writer nearly lost his life from this cause, and is yet subject to a troublesome throat disease. Keep the mouth closed while skating. Cold air freely taken into the lungs while a person is exercising violently, may produce sudden and serious illness. No sensible boy or girl will under any circumstances endanger life by venturing into known danger to show bravery. It is foolhardy, not brave, to skate over thin ice, daring others to follow, or to go because others have given the challenge. Keep your courage to face necessary evils and be brave enough to bear foolish taunts.

Population of Washington.

The police census of Washington just completed gives that city a population of 270,519, an increase of 12,088 in three years.

NOTES FROM GOTHAM.

A BUDGET OF GOSSIP FROM THE FINANCIAL CENTRE.

A Blow to the American Line—Rumors That Agitate Society—Promise of the Greater New York Scheme—Popularity of Skating.

Special New York Letter.

The stranding of the big American liner St. Paul on the sands of the Jersey side of our harbor entrance is rather an unfortunate event at this time. We have practically challenged British supremacy on the high seas, and reports that are pretty reliable have it that the St. Paul challenged the great Cunard liner Campania to a race when they encountered each other some miles off the coast. It is said the American boat outfooted her rival, and her commander was doubtless actuated by a wish to reach dock first in attempting to enter the harbor in a fog and without a pilot. The immediate cause of the accident was a false report made by the officer who was taking soundings, by which the captain

"I told you so."

of the ship was led to believe that he had seventeen fathoms of water when in fact the lead had recorded only seven.

There are those who suspect treachery, for our people are cultivating quite as great a belief in British trickery as our transatlantic cousins recently charged us with in the case of the Defender. But, as a matter of fact, the St. Paul was taking chances in trying to make port under the circumstances she did, and there is little doubt that the proper course would have been for her to have laid outside the bar until the fog had cleared up.

Among the sailor men along the wharfs the incident caused the liveliest interest. Many an old tar shook his head and said: "I told you so." The superstition that a ship that sticks on the ways in launching is sure to be unlucky is deeply imbedded in the nautical mind. It will be remembered that the St. Paul stuck for several days on the ways before she could be got into the water. The same accident happened to the Defender, and look at the career of ill luck our champion yacht had. Truly, events have a way of assisting at times in the tendency of the human mind toward fatalism.

The upper circles of society are agitated now by two items of gossip of the first importance. The first relates to the reconcilement of Mr. and Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton. If the reports are true, Mrs. William Astor has effected an adjustment of the difficulty which has been the cause of so much scandal, and the divorce proceedings will be called off.

It is also reported that William K. Vanderbilt is likely soon again to enter the marriage state. The rumor has for its basis apparently the fact that the millionaire's residence at Fifth avenue and Fifty-second street is undergoing redecoration and renovation. The lady in the case is Miss Amy Bend, and it is said to be an accepted fact with the friends of the couple that the engagement has been made. The projected union is said to be eminently satisfactory to all the members of the Vanderbilt family. The reputed bride is the daughter of Mr. George H. Bend, and the ties between the families have been for years those of the closest intimacy. Miss Bend is of medium height, is considered pretty, and is very popular in the social circles she frequents.

The probability of action in the direction of Greater New York is very gratifying to most of the inhabitants of this city. There is no doubt that the prosperity of the city is considerably checked at present by its rather analamous political relations, and the discordant elements that enter into the effort to perfect a solution of the problem of its inevitable extension of boundaries. No-

Discussing the Greater New York.

body doubts that the consolidation of New York and Brooklyn must come, and come soon, and it will be a crowning glory to the present Legislature if it is broad and patriotic enough to effect it at the expense, if necessary, of some of the clamorous minor interests which have hitherto effectually blocked progress. It is a little peculiar that shrewd politicians should attach so much importance to the possible political results when the history of recent politics demonstrate very clearly how uncertain a quantity political probability is. Politics has got to be much more uncertain than horse racing to the prophets. It matters little what political plans are laid so long as the problem of the enlarged city is settled promptly. The people can attend to the political darkey in the Greater New York woodpile afterward, if occasion should arise.

Not in years has skating been as popular in this city as it has been this winter, and the same report comes from other places. Possibly the bicycle

The Popular Pastime.

craze may be responsible for the revival of interest in skating. The sports are somewhat similar, and call into play largely the same muscles. No exercise is more healthful and exhilirating, and with the modern skating rink all danger is avoided. It is a noteworthy fact that the skate most in vogue to-day is very much like that of our forefathers and is fastened to the foot, not by means of clamps, but by a screw driven into the heel. It is several inches longer than the ordinary club skate, and as the fastest time can be made with it, no small boy in the town is satisfied until he has persuaded his father to present him with a pair. It is not at all unlikely, in view of this condition of things, that the whirligig of time will once more bring to the surface of metropolitan life the once familiar figure of the boy with one skate exercising fiercely in frozen gutters.

Strange Sun Clusters.

The discovery, through photographs made at the Harvard College observatory station at Arequipa, of the existence in certain star clusters of an extraordinary number of variable stars, is one of the most remarkable of recent astronomical advances. No less than eighty-seven stars in the well-known globular cluster Messier 3, in the constellation Canes Venatici, have been proved by these photographs to be variable; and the variation is, in some cases, not only large, but exceeding rapid. Some of the stars affected change in the course of a few hours as much as two entire magnitudes; that is to say, such stars, at the beginning of their swift decline, are six times as bright as at the end of it. But immediately they commence to brighten again, and continue to revive until they are as bright as ever.

Hitherto most of the variable stars observed have been found scattered broadcast in the sky, apparently unconnected with one another, although there are certain regions—one, for instance, in Virgo—where they especially abound. There has never been any reason to suppose that some of the stars in clusters might not be changeable, and, in fact, a few variables have before this been discerned in such situations. But the Arequipa discovery now reveals the interesting fact that, in some star clusters, the ratio of the number of variables to the total number of stars included in the cluster is so great as irresistibly to suggest the existence therein of a special cause of variability. Prof. Pickering remarks that the number of known variables among the stars visible to the naked eye is only 1 per cent.; yet in the cluster N. G. C. 5,904, out of 750 stars separately examined on the Arequipa negatives, forty-six, or about 6 per cent. of the whole, have proved to be variable. And in the same cluster there seems to be a curious tendency to local aggregation of the variables, for in a circle 110 seconds in diameter, including sixteen stars, no less than six, or nearly 40 per cent., are variable.

Is variation, then, a special characteristic of stars assembled in close clusters? It would appear not; for, while some clusters photographed at Arequipa abound in variable stars, other clusters, just as crowded, have as yet given no evidence of the existence of a single variable. But Prof. Pickering reminds us that this negative evidence can only be taken to show that the clusters concerned contain no variables of short period. By continuing the series of photographs for a sufficient length of time long-period variables might be discovered in such assemblages. But even then it would be evident that a striking difference exists in this respect, between different clusters—some possessing stars that go quickly through their changes and others only stars that vary slowly. It is from differences as well as from resemblances that causes are to be deduced. One thing is much to be regretted. Owing to the fact that in the middle of a globular cluster the light of the swarming stars runs into a blaze, amid which it is practically impossible to distinguish separate points of light, no variables have been detected close to the centre of any cluster.

Mr. Lockyer will probably find in this discovery a confirmation of his meteoric hypothesis, according to which variable stars are swarms of clashing meteors in various stages of condensation. Speaking broadly, every star, no doubt, has its attendant meteor streams, and, where large numbers of stars are assembled in comparatively close proximity, the possibility of meteoric collisions may be increased. At any rate, such phenomena as the successive outbursts exhibited by the new star in Auriga a few days ago indicate that there is an amount of wrack and ruin in the administration of the universe at the sight of which some of the older astronomers, who perceived only smooth-running wheels in the celestial mechanism, would have stood aghast.

While we are awaiting an explanation of the causes underlying the phenomena which form the object of this latest achievement of astronomical photography, we may again congratulate the astronomers on their acquisition of an instrument of research so penetrating, powerful and undiscerning as the camera.—New York Sun.

The thickness of human hair varies from the 250th to the 600th part of an inch; blonde hair is the finest and red the coarsest.

COASTING EXTRAORDINARY.

It Was an Interesting Story and Carried a Long Distance.

A "century" fiend passed the little grocery, and lifting his feet from the pedals, prepared to coast down the hill.

The man with the ginger beard rubbed some of the grime from the window pane and stood watching him.

"That dude allows he's something fine," said the man with the ginger beard, "but ef he knowed I rode thataway once eighty mile in eighty minutes, I guess he wouldn't be so struck on hisself."

"Git out," said the grocer. "They ain't a hill eighty mile long in all the whole world."

"I didn't say nothin' about a hill," said the man with the ginger beard. "The way it happened was this: I wuz out in Californy before the war and had a old-fashioned velocipede. None of these here pneumatic tires in them days—jist wood and iron. Wal, I was rollin' along the perary, when all of a sudden I feels the earth kinder hump up behind me—earthquake, you know; common thing out there—and I finds myself ridin' down hill on that hump. It may sound to any one ignorent of the mighty processes of nature in the wild West like a lie, but it is a fact that the angle of that hump was so even set with the raté the quake was travelin' that I jest set there an' rode down hill on the level for eighty mile before the thing stopped."

A report like that of a pistol was heard. The man from Potato Creek looked out and saw the coaster at the bottom of the hill with an exploded tire.

"By Gosh!" said the man from Potato Creek. "That feller is a full hundred yards from here, too. I hadn't no idea them yarns of yours would act that fur."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Pathetic Appeal.

The poor lady was quite ill and lying quite exhausted, while the doctor and nurse were occupied in an adjoining room. Old black Nancy had watched her chance and, stealing quietly in, parted the bed curtains and whispered:

"Miss Liza, I dun fotch yer up suffin' I know'll temp' yer appetite. There, honey: des open yer mouf an' I'll feed yer."

And she fed her!

Chuckling softly, as she slipped between unresisting lips, the crisp slices of cucumber and vinegar and bits of well buttered corn pone, she murmured, "I knowed I shouldn't git another chance. The stuck-up nuss 'll jes' giv her slops now, and Miss Liza allus did like suffin' tasty."

As the cold, gray light of morning stole through the windows some eight or ten hours later, and doctor and nurse despaired of saving their patient, who lapsed from one convulsion into another, again the sable face appeared, this time not gleeful but tear-stained. As she forced her way to the bed, wringing her hands and gasping, and hung over her beloved mistress, "Oh, Miss Liza, honey," she said, "die game! die game! Nebber split on ol' Nancy!"—Judge.

A Patriotic Answer.

Just after the war of 1776 an American frigate visited England. Her crew of gallant tars had been principally recruited from the fisheries, and some of them, it is to be acknowledged, did not compare favorably in appearance with the spick-and-span, jaunty English naval seamen, for the former were all shapes and sizes, from the tall, round-shouldered, long-armed Cape Codder down to the short, wiry members of the ship's company who hailed from various ports farther south, where less brawn was to be found.

One day the captain of the American ship paid a visit to the commander of a British man-o'-war at anchor in the same harbor. The coxswain of the gig was a great, lanky seaman, whose backbone was so rounded as to form a veritable hump. While the boat rested at the gangway of the open ports and "took stock" in a rather disdainful fashion of the occupants of the gig. At last one of the seamen on board the man-o'-war called down to the coxswain:

"'Ello there, Yankee; I soy, what's that bloomin' 'ump you 'ave on your back?"

The American sailor looked up and called back, quick as a shot: "That's Bunker Hill!"—Harper's Round Table.

Sure Proof.

It is said that the Hon. Samuel Galloway, of Columbus, Ohio, was one of the plainest men ever known in the State. He told many stories relative to his own personal ugliness of face with great good humor.

One which he often related with much relish, says Youth's Companion, was that of the remark made by the little daughter of a friend in another city with whom he was dining.

"Mamma," he heard the child say, in and awe-struck whisper, after a prolonged survey of the peculiar features of the guest, "that gentleman's mamma must have loved children mighty well."

"Why so, my dear?" inquired the unsuspecting parent.

"Oh," returned the child in the same audible whisper, "'Cause she raised him!"

Interested.

"My soul is full of bitterness," said the sentimental young woman.

"You need a little quinine," said the practical doctor.

"Why, dear me, doctor, I didn't know you had taken up with homeopathy!"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Leap Year.

"Laura," said the fond mother, "what are the intentions of that young man you are permitting to call on you so often?"

"Never mind that, mother," answered the maiden. "I know what my intentions are."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Something of a Freak.

Dukane—What a strange combination young Manchester is.

Gaswell—What do you mean?

Dukane—He has pigeon toes and a hoarse voice.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

After the Argument.

Bowdler (excitedly)—I tell you, sir, this town isn't big enough to hold us both.

Waugh (calmly)—All right. When are you going away?—Somerville Journal.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1896.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew was called to Jamison City Monday on business.

John Jamison spent Sunday with his family in this place.

E. P. Cameron, of Buckhorn was noticed on the Streets last Saturday.

Samuel Fegley has opened his hotel at Rohrsburg.

John A. Kline, of Benton, transacted business in this office last Friday.

H. C. Dayton of New York City transacted business in this place on Friday.

Samuel H. Gable, of Millgrove, transacted business at this office on Monday.

Associate Judge Murphy arrived at Court Tuesday afternoon about three o'clock. He had been detained on account of sickness.

John M. Garman Esq., of Nanticoke, transacted business in this place last week. He was accompanied by G. W. Gruver.

The many friends of Miss Annie Paul will be sorry to learn that she is confined to her home with pneumonia.

William Deitrick, of Berwick, visited his son, I. G. Deitrick the latter part of last week.

I. K. Dildine, of Orange township contemplates a western trip. He will start in two weeks, and visit friends in Missouri.

Robert Jacobs, an employee of the COLUMBIAN, transacted business at Philadelphia on Monday.

George W. Robison, W. M. Marshall and Edward Wendall composed a trio of gentlemen from Danville who visited our Town Tuesday evening.

W. F. Crawford, formerly of this place, but who is now residing at Shickshinny was noticed on the streets last Saturday. He was a bidder on the Rupert Hotel.

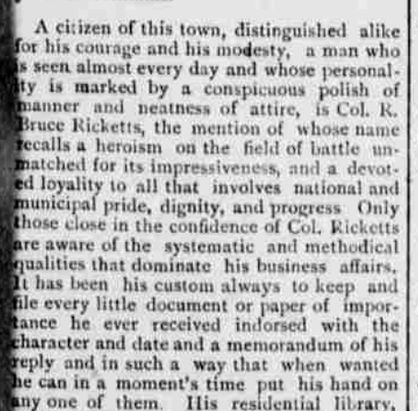
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hassert who have been confined to their home for some time on account of sickness are slowly convalescing.

Mrs. Isaiah Hagenbuch was called to Norfolk, Nebraska, last Sunday on account of the death of her daughter Mrs Ira C. Deitrick.

B. E. Irvin, of this place, has purchased from B. S. Workheiser a house and lot in Mifflinville. The sale was effected through John S. Williams.

A citizen of this town, distinguished alike for his courage and his modesty, a man who is seen almost every day and whose personality is marked by a conspicuous polish of manner and neatness of attire, is Col. R. Bruce Ricketts, the mention of whose name recalls a heroism on the field of battle unmatched for its impressiveness, and a devoted loyality to all that involves national and municipal pride, dignity, and progress Only those close in the confidence of Col. Ricketts are aware of the systematic and methodical qualities that dominate his business affairs. It has been his custom always to keep and file every little document or paper of importance he ever received indorsed with the character and date and a memorandum of his reply and in such a way that when wanted he can in a moment's time put his hand on any one of them. His residential library, designed under his direction by Architect Kipp, is a marvel of beauty and convenience. The library is replete with a fine collection of books on every subject, while in letter files in a vault below are stored accumulated papers of value reaching over all the years of his active business life This same attention too is reflected in his personal habits, with the result of imbuing him with virtues that are at once attractive and exemplary. A genial companion, a dignified and polished member of society, a brave soldier and an honored citizen, his years rest lightly upon him because he believes in the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of God.—Wilkes-Barre Record.

Col. Ricketts was born and raised in Orangeville, and he is remembered here with pride and pleasure.



Is the Boy Hypnotized?

No, but he has just taken a dose of the usual nasty, sickening cough syrup. Had he taken a dose of

Rishton's Magnetic Cough Syrup

he would be all smiles, for it is very pleasant to take and is guaranteed to stop that cough in a jiffy.

25 doses, 25c.

Manufactured only by

W. S. RISHTON, Ph. G.

Opposite Post Office. Pharmacist.

T. H. Scott & Co., purchased the engine and saw mill from Creasy & Wells at Stony Creek. The sale was made through John S. Williams.

Edward Caldwell has been appointed a clerk at the Philadelphia and Reading depot to succeed C. H. Kline. He will make an efficient assistant.

Aaron J. Maust was exhibiting on the Streets last Friday a fine black Percheron Stallion. It is inported stock, six years old and weighs 1600 qounds.

William H. Fisher of Main township was at our office on Tuesday, and announced his name as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the rules of the Democratic County Convention.

Robert Jacobs received a telegram announcing the death of his grand father, Robert Young at Berwick, Wednesday afternoon. He was about eighty years of age, and for several years has been living with his daughter, Mrs. William Fahy.

Winter seems preparing to do her lingering act in the lap of spring.

An arc light has been placed at the intersection of Fifth and Jefferson Streets.

The ground hog made his observations last Sunday, retired to his hole and—the next day it snowed.

From present indications there will be a large amount of building done in this place as soon as spring opens.

Lloyd Kelchner purchased the Rupert Hotel last Saturday. Consideration $2300.

James Hendershott has been installed behind the bar of the Exchange Hotel. It is a position he is fully competent to fill.

The Bloomsburg Manufacturing Company have received several large contracts, and their employees are assured work for a long time.

For the convenience of its patrons, the Adams Express agent will meet the evening train on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

J. R. Schuyler & Co. will in the near future occupy the room in the Evans block at the corner of Main and Iron Street as a hardware store.

We are informed that arrangements are being made by the G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans to properly celebrate Union Defenders Day which occurs on February 12.

It's only about one week until Valentines will be in order, and but four days longer until it will be the time to beat the fellow who wants to, but is not fit, to fill your local offices.

Manager Holmes says, that "Niobe" which is to be produced at the Opera House Saturday evening, is the best company that has been here this season.

The large window at the "Leader" Store presents a handsome appearance. It is arranged to represent a bed room, and is gotten up in a manner to reflect credit upon the one who arranged it.

Monday morning rounded out twenty-five years of continuous service by D. R. Coffman as Court crier. He was appointed by Hon. William Elwell in 1871. His father, Moses Coffman, held the position many years before him.

The county statement appears in this issue, and will be published for four weeks. Instead of crowding our regular pages with this advertisement, we shall print a ten page edition during its continuance, giving our readers six extra columns of reading matter each week.

The Exchange bakery which for the past year has been owned and conducted by G. W. Hess, was sold on Tuesday to L. F. Beishline, who for several years has been one of the clerks at the clothing house of J. M. Gidding & Co. He took immediate possession and his friends wish him success in his venture. Leonard is a hustler and has good business ability.

A new handsome Presbyterian church was dedicated at Berwick last Sunday, Rev. J. A. Herold pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Williamsport delivered the morning sermon. The one in the afternoon was preached by Rev. N G. Parke D. D., of Pittston, and the address of the eveuing by Rev. Wm. C. Roberts, D. D., L. L. D., of New York City The music was under the directions of Prof. E. K. Richardson.

LIVE QUESTIONS.

We begin this week a serious of articles, from the pens of able writers in different sections of the country. This feature has been secured at considerable expense, and we trust our readers will find it both pleasant and instructive.

STANDARD OIL REORGANIZATION.

Rumor That the Trust Will Be Incorporated at Two Hundred Million Dollars.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 2.—A story is being circulated in oil circles that the Standard Oil Company is about to make a big move. It will reorganize as a corporation, it is said, and go out of the trust business. Th idea was originally suggested by an unfriendly mandate of the Ohio Supreme Court, which practically required the Attorney General to explain why the anti-Trust laws were not being enforced.

The capital of the new company is to be $200,000,000, and so much of the stock the retention of which is not desired by those on the inside will be open for purchase by the general public, and at prices as high as the Standard brokers can put them. The purchase of outstanding certificates of the Standard, there having been an advance of $35 a share within a month, is being carried on to facilitate the plans. Adopting the usual methods of reorganization, present stockholders would probably get two shares for one in the new company, hence the desire to obtain all that can possibly be got of the present certificates.

The payment of 12 per cent. dividends has been made under great difficulties within the past two years, so it is said. The Standard's expenses are enormous, and field production has been declining, despite the unprecedented activity of the drill.

IN BEHALF OF ARMENIA.

Mass Meeting in Harrisburg. The Governor's Speech.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 31.—Gov. Hastings presided and made a speech at a mass meeting held in the Opera House last night, to protest against the outrages in Armenia. Speeches were also made by Judge Simonton, Bishop McGovern and Miss Rebecca F. Kirkorian, a native Armenian girl, whose remarks brought tears to many eyes.

Gov. Hastings was emphatic in his denunciation of the unspeakable Turk. "We have a right to interfere in the name of religion and in the name of humanity. We have the same right that prompted us to help starving Russia. I believe that we are strong enough to protect the American citizen wherever he be. If we send help to Armenia and it is interfered with, it will be a lasting shame if we do not protect it. Think of it! The Christian American or Englishman shall not have the right to give food and drink to the suffering Armenians!

"I say that before four months shall roll by Clara Barton will be in Armenia with the American flag in her hand and the banner of the Red Cross Society waving over her as she ministers to the suffering Armenians, and she will be protected"

CONFLAGRATION IN PHILADELPHIA.

A Sunday Morning Fire Does Damage to the Extent of a Million and a Half.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—A fire which was discovered shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday morning, in the Hazeltine Building, on Chestnut street above Broad, destroyed the structure as well as that of the American Baptist Publication Society, adjoining. The rear of the Hotel Lafayette and the drygoods store of Homer, Le Boutillier & Co., and the Wistar mansion were also damaged. The total loss will reach nearly $1,500,000. A number of firemen were painfully injured. Paintings valued at $300,000 were destroyed.

SENATOR QUAY'S DAUGHTER WEDS.

A Wedding which Many Pennsylvanians Attended.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The marriage of Miss Mary Agnew Quay and Mr. Louis R. Davidson took place to-day at the home of Senator Quay, the bride's father.

Mr. Davidson is prominently connected with the Standard Oil Company.

Democratic State Convention,

HARRISBURG, Feb. 3.—It is practically settled that the Democratic State Executive Committee will meet here on the 12th instant and select the date and place for holding the State Convention.

The Gettysburg Battlefield Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Supreme Court holds that tracts of land adjacent to the Gettysburg battlefield, and claimed by the electric railroad company, may be condemned for public use.

Hugh Dempsey Pardoned.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 1.—Gov. Hastings recently signed the pardons of five prisoners, among whom was Hugh Dempsey, the Homestead labor leader.

ALL AROUND THE STATE.

Pittsburg advices say that the agitation in favor of the Crawford County system is growing in the western part of the State. This system nominates candidates by a direct vote.

Last Saturday Captain Jack Crawford knocked down and otherwise punished William Shaw, a farmer living near Wilkesbarre, who chaffed him and finally referred insultingly to his Grand Army badge.

The Liberty Bell, escorted by the Mayor and other prominent citizens of Atlanta, was on Saturday returned to Philadelphia. The Sunday morning fire hustled the escort out of their beds, they being guests of the Lafayette Hotel.

Rev. Dr. William Furniss, the distinguished Unitarian divine of Philadelphia, died on Thursday at the age of ninety-four years.

Charles Dushik, a Polish banker of Freeland, is accused of embezzling about $20,000 of his countrymen's money.

B. M. London, of Altoona, Pa., was found dead in a house under mysterious circumstances in St. Louis Tuesday.

A London dispatch of Wednesday says the Scotch oil combine has dissolved, leaving the Standard master of the situation.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Which Should be Carefully Read by Every One.—Extraordinary Inducements Offered.

The best five cent segar in the town is "Taffy's Choice." It is sold exclusively by Harry Wilson.

Fish O! All kinds at Armstrong's.

Look out for the cold wave. It is coming. Gross has warm covering for your feet. Women's rubbers 25c. Misses' rubbers 21c. Children's rubbers 17c.

Families supplied with oysters by W. S. Fleckenstine.

The cheapest place in town to buy sole and harness leather is at P. Solleder & Co.

Fish! Fish—Halibut steak, Black Bass, Catfish, Smelts, Ciscoes and Lobsters at J. D. Armstrong's.

The stock of china at the bazaar of L. E. Whary is constantly being replenished. Four lots have been received since Christmas, including Haviland, Limoges and Carlsbad. Sets and single pieces. In addition to this they have added a full line of glass ware.

C. B. Chrisman invites you to call and see him in his new oyster parlor on Main street, next door to Jacobs' bakery. Everything new, neat and clean. Elegant service. Oysters served in all styles.

Decorative Porcelains for wedding gifts. Selected specimens from the most famous potteries in England and the continent, at L. E. Whary's China Bazaar, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Maurice River shell oysters at W. S. Fleckenstine's by the dozen or hundred.

Lettuce, Beans, and Pineapples at I. G. Deitrick's.

Good furniture at the price of cheap, and no cheap furniture at any price. W. J. Corell & Co.

A love of a bonnet is sometimes the cause of cross words in the family. Ours are not so expensive as to cause one hard word.

M. A. WATSON.

You are respectfully invited to call and inspect the large stock of china ware which L. E. Whary has recently received. The stock is larger and more complete than before Christmas.

Last week of Big Special Sale on candy at Deitrick's.

Parlor suits $50 up at W. J. Corell & Co.

Have you visited the new oyster rooms of W. S. Fleckenstine? Go and see them. Good service, everything neat and clean.

Rocking chairs $1.50 to $50 at W. J. Corell & Co.

Home dressed meat of all kinds can always be found at Louis Lyons' on Main street.

Oranges 20 and 40 cts. doz. Bananas 20 and 25 cts. doz. at Deitrick's.

If you are a pipe smoker, you can find just what you are looking for at Harry Wilson's Market Square segar store. The best brands of tobacco and the sweetest pipes.

Try a can of Hopkins' Steamed Hominy (Hulled Corn.) It is delicious. Full qt., 10c. 1 9 4t.

Ah! there is the rub: Rubbers at almost your own price. Think of it, Woman's 25c, Misses' 21c, children's 17c and quality guaranteed all right at Max Gross'.

Furniture at rock bottom prices at W. J. Corell & Co. The largest stock in the county from which to make your selection.

Bed room suits, 8 pieces from $20 to $100 at W. J. Corell & Co.

There is not much danger in your catching cold as long as your feet are dry. Max Gross can do the latter. Women's rubbers 25c. Misses' rubbers 21c. Children's rubbers 17c.

At the upper Main street meat market of Louis Lyons, you can find a full line of fresh and smoked meats. Goods delivered to all parts of the town.

We are very busy just now in our millinery department. Are turning out some beautiful designs.

M. A. Watson.

The man who lies down on one of our lounges gets the comfort he seeks. Its looks invite repose, and at the price we ask for it, comfort was never cheaper than now.

W. J. Corell & Co.

Louis Lyons will sell you home dressed beef at the following prices—Front quarters 5½c per pound. Hind quarters 6½c per pound. In quantity of 50 lbs.—8c per pound.

Trimmed hats and bonnets, felt hats and fancy feathers reduced in price at E. Barkley's, Main Street below Market.

THE WHITE WINDOW.

We refer to our window of men's white shirts. All perfectly made, cut full, reinforced back and front, linen bosom and wristbands. No use sewing when you can buy such a good shirt for so little money—**44c.**

Come and examine it. See if you could make it for the price.

EMBROIDERIES.

All those dainty edgings, just what you want for muslin underwear and children's dresses, etc., are now ready.

WHITE GOODS.

Full line of white goods of all kinds.
Long cloths for dresses and fine underwear.
Plain and plaid nainsooks.
Barred muslins, lawns, &c.

FEATHER BOAS.

We have a few of these popular goods that we will close out at reduced price.

WOMEN'S COATS.

When we had all sizes they were $6.00, $10.00, $16.00, &c. Now they are $3.00, $5.00 and $8.00. May be your size amongst them.

RIBBONS AND LACES.

We are showing full lines of these goods in all the popular shades and styles. Linen laces, all kinds and widths. Cotton laces, all kinds and widths.

DRESS LININGS.

All the good sorts. For good fitting garments you must have good things. We have them.
Best kid cambrics, 5c. yd.
100 yd. best silks, 8c. sp.
Best skirt braid, 3c. sp.
Velveteen bindings in 4 and 5 yd. lengths.
Skirt wire, cable cord, cable bone for cording, bone casings, beltings, dress shields, placket closers, dress weights, dress steels of all kinds, Peerless, electric, E. R., Perfection, Mosquovitz, Janowitz bone, real whale bones, sterling stays, linen ducks, collar canvas, fibre chamois, sponge crepon, grass cloth, canvasette, selicias and percalines—all grades.

BUTTONS.

Full lines of buttons. Now so popular for trimmings those small brass buttons are here again to-day. Buttons and buckles in sets for dress trimmings.

JET TRIMMINGS.

Full line of edgings, bands, yokes, fronts and ornaments. See the jet collars.

DRESS GOODS.

Full lines in all the leading styles at prices to suit the times.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Full lines of muslins in all widths. Tickings, shirtings, prints—new lines, denims, ducks, &c. All at lowest prices. Yd. wide Hill muslin, 7c. yd. 20 yds. good muslin for $1.00. Good cheviots at 8c. yd.

HOSIERY & UNDERWEAR

Full lines. Ladies' and children's fast black hose, 5c. pair. Ladies' seamless black hose, 10c. pair. Ladies' double sole, high spliced heel, regular made at 25c. pair. Children's seamless double knee, heavy, size 6 to 9 at 15c. pair; all sizes.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

Full lines of mohairs, serges, armures, &c., with a full line of "Priestley's" celebrated black dress goods, veiling by the yard and made up. Black shawls, &c.

PERCALES.

All the season's latest. They are best grade, full one yard wide, and the prettiest patterns. Some in Dresden effects, suitable for ladiess' waists and dresses, boy's waists, men's shirts.

PLAIDS.

We show good lines of plaids for waists, dresses, &c. Also the small checks.
All goods sold for cash.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

Valentines! Valentines!

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS.

Prices from

THREE FOR ONE CENT, OR $3.25 EACH, AT

HESS BROS.

Jewelers, Opticians and Stationers,

Main St. Sign of the Big Watch. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

THE DRIFT OF TRADE FOR FEBRUARY HAS ALWAYS BEEN WITH US. CLEANING UP STOCK BY OFFERING SPECIAL BARGAINS——

We desire to make this one of the best; our offer will be in goods as white as the falling snow. For two weeks, beginning February 3rd, we place on sale table linens, napkins, towels, counterpanes and ladies' muslin underwear at such prices as will induce the sale of them. To give some idea of our cut in linen, table cloth, &c., we append a short list.

FORMER PRICE } $1.60, 85c., 65c., 50c., 39c., 25c., 19c. per yd.
PRESENT PRICE } 84c., 72c., 52c., 44c., 31c., 21c., 16c. per yd.

Single table cloths, $3.50, now $2.50
Single table cloths, $3.00, now $2.25
Single table cloths, $1.75, now $1.00
Some plain white, others plaid in colors.
Towels and napkins with about the same discount.

Ladies' muslin underwear, the $1.25 night gowns now 94c.
Ladies' muslin underwear the $1,00 skirts now 84c.
Ladies' muslin underwear, the 75c. skirts, now 64c.
Corset covers down, down to any price.
This is a *spot cash sale.*

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

LAST WEEK

of our big SPECIAL SALE on ten kinds of candy at 15c. lb. Next week they will be 20c. lb., their regular price, so now is the time to buy.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Lettuce, beans, pineapples, sweet potatoes, apples, oranges, bananas, lemons, etc.

I. G. DEITRICK,

Market Square

FENCE

Why pay 60 to 90c. a rod for fence when you can make the BEST WOVEN WIRE FENCE ON EARTH FOR 13 TO 20 CENTS A ROD?

Horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight. A man and boy can make from 40 to 60 rods a day. Over 50 styles. Illustrated Catalogue Free.

KITSELMAN BROTHERS
Ridgeville, : Indiana.

2-6-6t

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Feb'y. 3, 1896.

President Cleveland spent a day duck-shooting last week and that may have started the rumor of his intention to decline forwarding to the European nations which signed the Berlin treaty that Concurrent Congressional resolution, expressing sympathy for the Armenians and calling upon the powers named to enforce the Berlin treaty and compel Turkey to protect the Armenians, on the ground that to do so would be a violation of the American policy inaugurated by Washington and endorsed by all our Presidents, of avoiding entanglements in European politics. Whether the President has any such intention is doubtful. The resolution itself being a concurrent one, does not require the President's signature to become binding, nor can it be vetoed by him. It "requests" him to communicate the resolution to the governments of the countries named, and while it would be unusual for him to decline, he has the right to do so if he thinks it best. Should he do so it will not be because he does not sympathize with the condition of the Armenians, as he expressed his sympathy for them in strong words in his annual message to Congress.

Cuban matters came to the front with a rush when Senator Morgan, of Ala., on behalf of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, reported a lengthy resolution setting forth the unfortunate condition of affairs in Cuba and their depressing effect upon our commercial interests, and requesting the President to use his good offices with Spain to get the Cubans recognized as belligerents, in order that the fighting in Cuba may be governed by the rules of war. Nobody expects that Spain will agree, but if she doesn't it is altogether probable that the United States will, unless there is a change in the situation.

Senator Tillman of S. C., made the speech last week which has been expected from him ever since the session opened. It showed that he lacks the respect which every man should feel for the occupant of the President's chair, and that he is more of a populist than a democrat. It also showed—but why write more about it.

Senator Thurston, of Nebr., more than balanced the speech of Senator Wolcott, of Colo., against the Monroe doctrine resolution, now before the Senate, by one in its favor which specifically pointed out the errors upon which Mr. Wolcott built his argument. Answering the statements made in English papers about the people of the United States being divided in sentiment Senator Thurston said: "Standing upon the floor of the American Senate, knowing whereof I speak, I say to the people of Great Britain that the grave issues which have been settled by brave men upon American battlefields can never be reopened again. Sir, there is no division of sentiment in the United States. Let but a single drum beat be heard upon our coasts announcing the approach of a foreign foe, and there will spring to arms in North and South the grandest army the world has ever known; animated by a deathless loyalty to their country's flag, and marching on to the mingled and inspiring strains of our two National airs, Yankee Doodle and Dixie."

The editors of those newspapers which are printing what purport to be accounts of the bids received by the Treasury department for those bonds have probably not carefully read the call for those bids. If they will do so they will discover that the bids are to be "sealed" and not to opened until Feb. 6th, with the exception of a few letters containing bids, which were opened by mistake, owing to their not being endorsed on the outside "bids for bonds." No bids have been opened at the Treasury, and none will be opened before the date specified, This makes it plain that when a newspaper prints the amount of bids submitted and the prices offered it either has an accomplished second sight man, or an unblushing liar, upon its staff. Secretary Carlisle doesn't know the contents of the sealed bids, but he knows the bonds will all be sold, because intending bidders have so asaured him.

A dinner party of gentlemen only was entertained by Senator Murphy, of New York, at his Washington residence, last week, and one has only to glance over the names of the guests to be certain that matters were discussed that would interest every democrat, could the conversation be with propriety made public. Senator Murphy's guests were Senators Hill, Brice, Gorman, Vest, Smith, White, Turpie, Pugh, Roach, Chilton, Faulkner and Walthall, and Representatives Crisp, Bartlett, Sultzer and Cummings, and Hon Richard Croker, of New York, in whose honor the dinner was given. It will be noticed that every man of the party is a democrat of the rock-ribbed, tried and found true variety. I don't know that they discussed Presidential politics, but if all of that party will agree on a candidate his nomination might be regarded as settled.

The debate on the free coinage substitute for the House bond bill, which had dragged ever since the measure was reported to the Senate from the Finance committee, became quite lively in its closing hours, although everybody knew just what the vote would result in.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

1m.

HAS NO PROTECTION.

A few minutes after 5 o'clock Monday week fire broke out in the bake shop of Daniel Mull in Milton, and the structure was gutted. A boy had built a fire in the oven and had gone to attend to the horse. On his return he found the shop on fire. The exact origin of the blaze is not known. Mr. Mull's loss will be several hundred dollars, partially covered by insurance. The structure was owned by Mrs. G. W. Imbody, whose loss is $500, which is covered by insurance.

Some time ago the borough and water company became involved in a controversy, the former refusing to pay certain rent for hydrants unless the company would increase the size of their mains. This the company refused to do, and unless the borough came to an agreement the plugs were to have been dismantled on a certain date. The time expired several weeks ago and the fire of Monday morning was the first since the date the dismantling of the plugs was to have taken place.

Monday morning some of the neighbors were not content to let their properties be endangered and they procured a wrench from the engine house with which they turned on water from the hydrant. This was done without the consent of either the water company or the borough authorities, and created a great deal of excitement. The engine was in service at the canal. What effect this fire may have on the dispute remains to be seen.

A LIST OF ACQUAINTANCES.

A small party seated in the Manhattan club the other night was discussing the question of acquaintances. One well known lawyer said he knew as many people as any one man in the room, he did not care who he was. I asked if he could say how many acquaintances he had—not friends merely but persons known casually and slightly, says the New York Press. After thinking it over he said, "10,000."

"I bet $50 to $5," said another of the party, "that you cannot name 1,000 persons of your acquaintance, and give you all night to do it." The bet was made, and the lawyer began, a friend keeping tally.

When, after two hours of hard thinking, he had reached between 500 and 600 he was going very slow and straining terribly. At midnight he was so far from the 1,000 mark that the party broke up in disgust.

I doubt if there is a man in this country who could write down the names of 1,000 acquaintances at a moment's notice. I don't believe there are five men in the United States who are acquainted personally with 10,000 people. Dan Lamont, secretary of war, is said to know more faces than any other man. He made a study of faces when Mr. Cleveland's private secretary and became indispensable to the president. It might be said that there are many politicians who know more than 10,000 people personally, but you can't rely upon a political acquaintance. The politician has a way of pretending to know every living man who has a vote. Dr. Chauncy Depew probably has as wide an acquaintance as any man we know. Many men remember faces without being able to recall names. That is not an acquaintance. It will not do to say we have seen such a man before somewhere, but cannot recollect his name.

It Costs Little and Does Much.

Remark when you attend a play or concert how many people disturb the performance by coughing. One man begins and the cough seems to be contagious. The interruption is a great nuisance, and there is no need of it, for anyone may cure a cough with the Pineola Balsam, which costs twenty five cents. It soothes the inflammation in the throat and loosens the mucus which clogs the air passages. A few doses of Ely's Pineola Balsam stop a cough and heal a sore throat.

THE LYON-DUNN CONTEST.

Judge Ikeler, of Columbia county; Craig, of Carbon, and Ehrgood, of Lebanon, appointed by Governor Hastings to conduct the Lyon-Dunn election contest convened at Pottsville last week. Two weeks ago the court heard argument offered by counsel for Judge Dunn to quash the contest on the ground that the Orphans' Court Judge was a county office, therefore the proceedings were illegal; that the Act of May, 1874, under which the contest was brought, does not apply to said office; that it was the duty of the Governor to have appointed Judge Cyrus L. Pershing one of the judges to hear the contest; that it was a manifest disregard and omission of the law not to have done so, and that therefore the present commission has no authority in law. The counsel for Judge Lyon contended that these same reasons had been argued before the Attorney General, and protested against unnecessary delays.

Judge Ikeler, in a lengthy and able opinion, decided that the commission was legally formed; that it was the proper tribunal before which to conduct the contest, and that the motion to quash the contest was overruled, and that the contest should proceed.

The opinion was signed by Judges Ikeler, Craig, and Ehrgood.

An order was also handed down directing that the ballot boxes containing the votes cast at the last general election must be held secure and the votes deposited therein preserved, and that the Sheriff is to serve notice to this effect upon those who are the custodians of the ballot boxes. It will be impossible to reach these ballot boxes, says the court, before the elections, February 18, 1896, and therefore duplicate boxes must be provided, as the present ballot boxes must not be disturbed or opened until the court shall so direct.

This means that the County Commissioners must provide new ballot boxes for the 143 election districts in the county. Each ballot box costs about $4 50 which would mean an outlay of about $640 for this purpose. These must be furnished for the election on Tuesday, February 18.

The Sheriff shall serve a copy of the foregoing order upon each person or persons having the custody of said ballot boxes or papers and also upon the County Commissioners within 10 days from this date, service of said copy upon the Commissioners to be made within 48 hours from this date. The Sheriff is to be paid out of the county funds for his services the same as he is now paid for serving regular notices.

The Sheriff's fees will be about $350 for this work and this expense coupled with the cost of the new ballot boxes brings the first expense ordered by the court up to about $1,000.

Before adjourning the court announced that the next session of the court will be held Friday, February 7, at 2 p. m.—*Ashland Advocate.*

The man who eats because he is hungry is, thus far, on a level with the brutes. The man who stops eating the moment his hunger is appeased is the wise man. Nature needs no more food than she calls for. Continued excess brings about indigestion or dyspepsia, with loss of flesh, strength, sleep, ambition and mental power; and an accumulation of aches, pains and many dangerous local maladies.

The stomach *now* can do nothing alone. We must appeal to some artificially digested food which can also digest other foods. That is to say, we must use the Shaker Digestive Cordial. The effect is prompt and cheering. The chronic pain and distress ceases. Appetite presently revives. Flesh and vigor gradually come back, and the sufferer recovers. But he must be careful in future. A trial bottle for 10 cents.

Laxol is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

Will Illumine the Mine.

Preparations are now being made to light the bottom of the No. 3 slope at the Enterprise colliery at Shamokin with electricity. When this work is completed, which will be within a week, the Enterprise will be the first mine in that section of the state to discard the old method of illumination in any portion of its workings.

Everything is now in readiness for lighting the gangway, which is three thousand feet in length, but the stringing of the wire. Just how many lamps will be placed in the gangway at the present time could not be learned, but the number will be sufficient to make that portion of the working bright enough for all practical purposes.

A new line of samples of illuminated cards, programs, folders, dance programs, opening announcement cards, ball tickets, calendars, menu cards, wedding invitations, gilt and bevel edged cards, just received at this office. Persons desiring anything in this line are invited to call and inspect them, and get prices. No trouble to show goods, even if you do not buy. tf.

Bargain in Wolf Scalps.

By the confession of one of the persons implicated, the particulars of a unique story has just come to light in the lower end of Tioga county. Last fall, when Charles Lee's circus returned to Canton to go into winter quarters, the sheriff sold him out. Among the animals in the menageries were three prairie wolves, which were sold for 50 cents each to Charles Kerby, of Cedar Ledge. He kept them chained in his dooryard until cold weather set in, when a bright thought struck him. With the aid of two men from Canton the beasts were put in a box and hauled into a forest away back in Liberty township, where they were shot. Although wolves have been extinct in Pennsylvania for many years, there is an old law giving $10 bounty for wolf scalps. Kerby took the three pelts to the office of Justice of the Peace DeCoursey, where he made affidavit that he killed them within the bailiwick of Tioga, got the $30 bounty and went home happy.

And the Editor Got—

Here is an obituary notice that is calorific in the extreme. Another strange thing about it is that it appeared in a reputable western newspaper. It wasn't a Missouri editor, but a Missouri printer's devil who was going through his first experience of "making up forms." The paper was late and the boy got his galleys mixed. The first part of an obituary of an impecunious citizen had been dumped in the forms and the next handful of type came from a galley describing a recent fire. It read like this: "The pall bearers lowered the body to the grave, and as it was consigned to the flames there were few if any regrets, for the old wreck had been an eyesore to the town for years. Of course there was an individual loss, but that was fully covered by insurance. "The widow thinks that the editor wrote the obituary that way because the lamented partner of her joys and sorrows owed him five year's subscription.

A Leader.

For the next two weeks we will sell envelopes with business card or address printed on at prices heretofore unheard of, to reduce stock, as we have over 75,000 on hand. Remember, after two weeks the usual prices will prevail. Call or write for samples, at the COLUMBIAN office, Bloomsburg, Pa. 2t.

GRAVEL CURED.

(Philadelphia, Penn., Item)

A healthier, heartier, happier man than John J. Neill, of 2437 North Eighth street, Philadelphia, could not be found in a day's search. The fact that he is still alive is a constant wonder to his friends.

In the fall of 1889 he began to suffer indescribable miseries from stone in the bladder. Consulting an eminent physician in Philadelphia, he was told that a surgical operation was necessary. So much did he dread the result, for if unsuccessful it meant death, that he put off the evil day as long as possible. While in this frame of mind, he heard of

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Although disheartened, on July 1, 1893, he bought a bottle of it, and within a month had experienced beneficial results, and before he had finished the third bottle, the gravel was completely dissolved and his sufferings at an end.

Mr. Neill feels that he owes a lasting debt of gratitude to Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and for disorders of the bladder and urinary organs, says "it will effect a cure if one be possible."

Favorite Remedy is prescribed with unfailing success for rheumatism, dyspepsia and nerve troubles in which it has cured many that were considered beyond the aid of medicine. All druggists, $1.

SAY! MISTER! YOU'VE DROPPED YOUR

Battle Ax PLUG

A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS.

Pennsylvania's New Industries.

The bureau of industrial statistics is preparing an interesting report on a number of comparatively new industries in Pennsylvania. A feature of the report will be an elaborate treatment of the tinplate industry, showing its early trials and development, together with illustrations of the various stages of the manufacture of tin from the steel billet to the finished product. The silk industry of the state will also form an interesting feature of the report. Comparative returns will likewise be given from iron and steel, glass textile and other manufactories for the past four years. Comparisons will be made from the same plants for each of these years, showing the number of employes, aggregate wages, total product of manufactures, value of plants and average wages paid.

H. D. Himmelrich, of Lewisburg, one of the lumber kings of the West Branch country, says that unless all signs fail, and signs are usually wiped out by floods, the run of timber down the West Branch of the Susquehanna on the spring freshets will double that of last year, and the quality of timber will be better. Some rafts of round pine logs, sealed at Deer Creek, up in the Clinton land, footed up 340,000 feet, board measure. Many fine rafts of good hemlock are going in for the run, and with plenty of snow the lumbermen will crowd the Lock Haven and Williamsport booms.

The Letter "E"

An exchange says "e" is the most unfortunate letter in the English alphabet, because it is never in cash, never out of debt, and never out of danger. The aforesaid exchange forgets that the letter "e" is never in war, but always in peace. It is the beginning of existence, the commencement of ease and the end of trouble. Without it there would be no bread, no meat, no meal, no water, no whiskey, no gospel, no hell, no heaven, no newspapers and no advertising.

About Mistakes.

If a doctor makes a mistake he buries it; if a merchant makes a mistake he never tells it; if a lawyer makes a mistake he crawls out of it, but if an editor makes a mistake he puts it on a large sheet of paper for the world to look at, and in every community there are cranks who think they are models of wisdom because they occasionally discover them.

His Idea of a "Skate."

A young lady living near Montandon recently expressed a desire to a young Philadelphian, for a pair of skates. Several days afterwards she received an express package. Visions of hours of pleasure in gliding over the ice immediately rose in her mind, she hurriedly opened the package and beheld—four bottles of malt extract, powerful enough to give the stoutest old toper a pair of "skates."

The city conditions of trade during past three months hindered greatly the larger sales for which we made ready.

We manufactured thousands too many—both Suits and Overcoats. While disappointed we're determined to sell. All prices lower now.

A Saving of 40 per cent.—$25 Overcoats for $15.
A Saving of 40 per cent.—$25 Suits for $15.
As Great Reductions on $20 and $16 ones.
Guaranteed All Wool Suits and Overcoats, $5.

Most of these prices are lower than during last year's sale in settling a partner's interest.

Notwithstanding the very low prices—the rule is still in force to pay Railroad fare—on very moderate purchases.

WANAMAKER & BROWN
Sixth and Market Ninth and Chestnut
WM. H. WANAMAKER
Twelfth and Market Streets

Must Be in Ballot Form.

At Somerset Tuesday Judge Green, of Butler, decided that Editor Coffroth, of the Somerset *Democrat*, was entitled to $213 09 of the $229 50 bill, which he presented for printing election notices for three years, and payment for which the commissioners had refused. The decision was of interest inasmuch as it affected the publication of sheriff's election proclamation, and was the first judicial utterance given on the question since the Baker ballot law went into effect. Judge Green held that the act of assembly required the proclamation to be published in the form of a ballot, and said that publication in other forms was clearly illegal. The question was raised by the action of the county commissioners, who had refused to pay Editor Coffroth's bill, as he did not comply with the law. Judge Green instructed the jury to strike out of the proclamation as published by Coffroth all matter not specially directed to appear therein by the Baker ballot act, and to return a verdict for the balance.

Facts About 1896.

The year will have 366 days.

March, May, August and November will have five Sundays each.

February begins and ends on Saturday.

Fourth of July comes on Saturday. So does Memorial day, so does Washington's birthday.

Bunker Hill day will fall on a Wednesday.

Thanksgiving will be due November 26.

The only eclipse visible in North America in 1896, will occur Aug. 22-23, a partial eclipse of the moon.

Spring begins March 19; summer, June 20, fall, September 22; winter, December 21.

Easter Sunday will come with April 5.

Christmas will fall up on a Friday.

Catarrh can be successfully treated only by purifying the blood, and the one true blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Cold Cure.

Nothing is easier to cure than a common cold, provided we take it in time. The first hour after the cold has been taken it may be easily cured by restoring warmth and equalizing the circulation. A good plan is to sit with the back near the fire whether in the stove, fireplace or furnace, and get the back thoroughly warmed. Colds arising from wet feet are best treated by soaking the feet in hot water with mustard in it, at the same time taking a hot drink and then wrapping up in a warm bed for a good sleep. Hot lemonade should be drank in sufficient quantity to open the pores of the skin that have been closed by the cold.

Warlike the World Over.

It would require a wonderful head to fathom at the present time just what the several foreign nations propose doing. The warnings, threats and rumors either mean something or they mean nothing, and if this thing keeps up much longer some one may get hurt. Every day brings different news from across the sea, and there is an apparent strain of war running through it all. Russia forming an alliance with Turkey bodes no good for England, for as Russia has said that for every war vessel England constructs she will produce one equally as good if not superior. If less talk and more action was exhibited, perhaps the terrible slaughter of the Christians in Armenia would come to an end. As it is, there appears to be no help for these starving people, as Turkey will not afford them succor nor allow any other nation to interfere in their behalf. Among barbarians this kind of work would naturally be expected, but all Europe should rise up as Christians and demand that it cease. The horrifying tales that come to us from the slaughter fields of Armenia are enough to arouse almost any nation, but it appears there is no salvation for them. Reports up to January 7th show that sixteen Protestant ministers in Armenia had been cruelly murdered because they refused to change their faith. From all appearances it looks as though the Armenians are to be exterminated, while Christians stand by and see it done.—Clearfield *Republican*.

You Get Strong,

if you're a tired out or "run-down" woman, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. And, if you suffer from any "female complaint" or disorder, you get well. For these two things—to build up women's strength, and to cure women's ailments—this is the only medicine which, once used, is always in favor. Therefore, nothing else can be "just as good" for you to buy. The "Prescription" regulates and promotes all the natural functions, never conflicts with them, and is perfectly harmless in any condition of the female system. It improves digestion, enriches the blood, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and vigor. For ulcerations, displacements, bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, and every chronic weakness or irregularity it's a remedy, that safely, and permanently cures.

MOUNTAINS IN THE SEA.

A Cable Detour Around a Range Seventy-Five Miles Long.

There exists in the great ocean between Australia and New Caledonia a range of mighty submarine mountains, whose lime-stone tops rise within 300 fathoms of the surface. The discovery of these peaks, rising sheer 7,500 feet from the bottom of the deep sea, was made by the men who have just finished laying the first section of the trans-Pacific cable. Sir Audley Coote, who was at the head of the cable expedition, arrived here yesterday on the steamer Alameda from Sydney, New South Wales. He said:

"The sea from Australia to New Caledonia has been surveyed by a British and by an American vessel. Your Albatross went there and did some very good work, but, as it happened, both this expedition and the other missed the strange feature of the ocean that I can describe. We had anticipated no great difficulty in laying the cable section, and did not find any until suddenly the bottom of the ocean began to rise. We were forced to cut the cable there in mid-ocean and to buoy up the ends. It was then found that what had hindered us was a range of submarine mountains.

"There is nothing else like this in the world that I know of. The mountains rise in abrupt peaks, and are hard limestone and granite. By careful measurement we found that the peaks were more than 7,000 feet on the average, and the highest of them 7,500 feet from the bottom of the ocean. Less than 300 fathoms from the surface of the water we found the tops of the highest mountains. The range extends for nearly seventy-five miles—that is, measuring from the extreme northerly to the extreme southerly point. To lay the cable around this range took forty-eight miles more of cable than we had counted on. We had to go around the peaks as a railroad would go around a mountain on land."—San Francisco Chronicle.

Edison and the Kaiser.

While in Berlin he received an invitation to visit William the Warrior in his palace, and on the appointed day a state carriage, gorgeous in golden ornaments, drawn by six horses and with outriders, called for him. This display abashed the modest-minded inventor and he said that he would reach the imperial palace in his own way. He walked. When he reached the designated place, the flunkeys in charge declined to take his card to the royal presence, his humble appearance making it seem impossible to them that he was to have an audience with their master.

Edison, no wise disappointed, returned to his hotel, where shortly he was waited upon by a court official conveying William's regrets for the mistake and a request that he would visit the palace next day and bring with him one of his phonographs. He did so. The Emperor took him into his private cabinet, no one else being present, carefully closed all the doors and then besought him to take the marvelous invention apart and explain to him all its workings. This was done, and the inventor was invited to attend a court reception next day, and to bring the phonograph with him.

Upon this occasion the great American found the Emperor surrounded with a brilliant throng of nobles, each one decorated with the insignia of his rank—Edison, I think(calls them "dog collars." When he produced his mysterious invention, the Emperor took it in hand, eyed it critically, as though he had never seen it before; then took it apart and explained to the amazed courtiers exactly how it performed its wonders. He never said a word about his instructions of the day before.—Philadelphia Times.

A Very Slick Politician.

Li Hung Chang is not only what the young Americans call "a very slick politician," but is possessed of enormous wealth and has reduced the practice of bribe giving and taking to exact science. He is undoubtedly the richest man in Asia. No Indian prince, not even the Sultan of Turkey, has wealth to compare with his. Although he is not worth as much as $500,000,000, as I have seen it stated recently in the papers, the manager of the principal bank in Tiensin, who knows as well as anyone, estimates his fortune at £40,000,000 or $200,000,000. He owns a large part of the province of Ngan Whi. His estates at Wuhu are enormous. He has pawn shops in almost every city of the empire, and they are said to furnish the most profitable business in China. He is the largest shareholder in the Hong Kong and Shanghi Bank, with its capital of $10,000,000. He owns the China Mutual Navigation Company, which runs a line of steamers along the coast. He owns coal mines at Kai Ping and other places along the coast of the Yellow Sea, and also those in the provinces of Shangtung and Shansi. He owns the railway between Tongku and Shan-hai-quan. He owns acre after acre of valuable real estate in Tientsin and Shanghai, two of the most important cities of the empire, and has a large holding in the shares of every corporation of importance in both those cities, as well as at other points in Northern China. He owns a big cotton mill at Shanghai, is interested in copper and iron mines, and an inventory of his property would include a portion of every enterprise north of the Yank 'tze river that is worth investing in.—Chicago Record.

Do Lips Touch in Kissing?

Touching incident—A kiss.—Snap Shots in the News.

That is not a fact, but may be allowed as a very sweet poetical fancy. Any student in natural philosophy will tell Snap Shots that lips, even of lovers, never touch in a kiss; there is all the time an infinitesimal space between the lips of the kisser and the kissee filled with air. It is sad, but it is a fact, that the circumambient air stands sentinel on the lips of beauty and prevents their desecration by the tobacco besmeared lips of her lover. Even that kind of a kiss is sweet; what would it be if the envious air could be pumped away and the lips of lovers actually meet in one long, rapturous kiss?—Austin Statesman.

Only Thing He Hears.

Customer—What is that man doing over there in the corner?

West Side Druggist—He's dropped a dime into the telephone slot and is listening to the trolley cars! — Chicago Record.

PEOPLE OF NOTE.

Mr. Troop, an American banker, has, it is said, presented to the Pope a chair constructed of solid silver and valued at $40,000.

According to a Philadelphia man who saw Anna Gould and her husband in Paris, the Count is ungallant enough to clamber into his carriage first and leave his wife to crawl in unassisted.

Liliuokalani, the deposed Queen of Hawaii, had a good many curious characteristics, one of the most pronounced of which was a perfect passion for the collection of rope knots made by sailors of different nationalities who visited her domain.

It is interesting to learn that John Armstrong Chanler proposed four times to Amelie Rives before she consented to become his wife. He met her for the first time at a Newport ball and fell ardently in love on the spot. Now they are divorced.

Prof. Shaler, of Harvard, delights to tell the story of a visit he made to a country town, during which he was asked where he lived. "In Cambridge, Mass.," he replied. "Oh," was the answer, "that's the place where Squire's pork factory is, ain't it?"

Prince Bismarck regulates his life in quite a scientific manner. In his bedroom is a weighing machine and the Prince weighs himself in his night clothes every morning. By the machine is a register that records his weight daily. He is anxious to reduce his weight, and has succeeded of late in so doing.

Opie Reed, the novelist, says that the most remarkable audience he ever addressed was one at Sterling, Ill., where he spoke under the auspices of the Switchmen and Brakemen's Benevolent Association. His audience were mostly one-armed and one-legged men, and it was pathetic to see them attempt to applaud.

Mr. Elvind Alstrup, who accompanied Lieut. Peary in his first great journey over the ice-gap of Greenland to Independence Bay, is writing a book on the experiences of himself and gallant leader. As a matter of honor, Mr. Alstrup will not have the work translated and published in English until after Mr. Peary has issued his book.

The Paris correspondent of a London paper says: "When the King of the Belgians was leaving a foundry on the Boulevard Voltaire a few days ago a crowd of more than 1,000 Parisians greeted him with cries of 'Vive le Roi!'" That such homage should have been paid to royalty in the very centre of a strongly republican district has created much comment.

On the bust of Longfellow in Westminster Abbey somebody has pinned an ivy leaf with this inscription: "Brought by loving hands many miles across the sea, from a spot well loved." The leaf was put there early in August, and has been permitted to remain, although such tributes are usually removed by the vergers, who have taken pains to guard the bust jealously.

Bishop Vincent, in an address to the members of the Genesee (N. Y.) Methodist conference, advised young ministers to ride the bicycle, saying: "I think nothing has done so much for our young people as the bicycle. It has saved them from falling into many bad practices and built up their constitutions at the same time. I hope you all have them. If not, get one."

It is remembered of the late Mr. Houghton that he was wont to tell a characteristic story of Noah Webster. Houghton was a boy in a printer's shop when an odd looking old gentleman came in one day to make him promise that he would always set up the word "center," not "centre." The dictionary man is said to have traversed New England on this errand to printers.

Living in the open air all summer has improved the Pope's health, which was never better than it is now. He is entirely free from the fainting spells that used to come upon him in the spring months and when pressed with business. Dr. Lapponi says: "If nothing unforeseen happens, the Holy Father's constitution is so sound that he may well attain his hundredth year."

A Mrs. Richard King is the owner of a landed estate in Texas which occupies nearly 2,000 square miles. She employs a small army of men on her property, which is also a Congressional district, and her power is so great among her employes that she can readily dictate, it is said, who shall be the next representative from that district at Washington.

Barney Barnato, the man most talked about in London to-day, is not yet forty years of age. He is said to have made from $25,000,000 to $100,000,000 in South African speculation. He has been a barber, a drummer, a broker's clerk and a messenger. As a plunger his success has been phenomenal. Just how he got started in South Africa is not known, but he made a big fortune there, and is now adding to it in London.

M. Lupin, who died the other day at the age of eighty-four years, was the father of the French turf. He inherited a large fortune from his father, a manufacturer in the Department of the Aisne, and began to keep race horses as far back as 1835, just about the time when the French Derby was founded by the Duc d'Orleans, Lord Henry Seymour, and one or two other sportsmen, who had recently created the Paris Jockey Club.

Though Louis Pasteur was well known throughout the world for his studies and discoveries in biology, he sank his personality in his work to such a degree that few knew him personally, and his fame was founded entirely on what he accomplished for others. Rarely had a great scientist lived so exclusively in the narrow confines of his laboratory. Agassiz said that he could not afford to stop from his work to make money, and Pasteur had the same willingness to leave to others what they could do as well as he could.

Lee held Gen. Mahone in the highest esteem, and at a dinner in Lexington just after the war he said, according to report, that he had fixed on the diminutive general as his successor in command of the Confederate forces. Gen. Lee's words, as they were reported, were: "If I had been killed Gen. Mahone would have succeeded me in command." Mahone had the reputation of being one of the caimest men on the battlefield. He was trained to be a civil engineer, and in the planning of a battle his knowledge was invaluable to him.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County and State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1896,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all the undivided right, title and interest of Clifton C. Knorr, the defendant, in all the following described tracts or pieces of real estate:

1ST. All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Centre, County of Columbia, Penn'a., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of M. W. Jackson, on the east by lands of Solomon Houseknecht and Wm. I. Freas, on the south by the Susquehanna river and on the west by land of Isaac Cryder and M. W. Jackson, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN ACRES

of Land, more or less, whereon are erected a

TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE,

bank barn, sheds and outbuilding.

2ND. Also, at the same time and place, all the undivided right, title and interest of Clifton C. Knorr, the defendant, in the following described tract or piece of land: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Centre, County of Columbia, Penn'a., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded by lands of Jesse Hoffman, N. L. Campbell, B. F. Gardner, and others, containing

SIX ACRES,

with appurtenances.

3RD. Also, at the same time and place, all the undivided right, title and interest of Clifton C. Knorr, the defendant, in the following described tract or piece of land: All that certain piece or tract of land situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, Penn'a, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by Fifth street, on the east by an alley, on the south by an alley, and on the west by lot of Mrs. Susan Rombach, whereon are erected a large

TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

stable and outbuildings, said lot being about ninety feet front on Fifth street by about one hundred and ninety-six feet in depth, more or less.

4TH. Also, at the same time and place, all the right, title and interest of Clifton C. Knorr, the defendant, in the following described tract or piece of land: All that certain lot or piece of land situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, Penn'a., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by Strawberry alley, on the south by Seventh street and on the west by lot of Oscar Drake, whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

said lot being feet on 7th street, and feet in depth.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Daniel H. Wingerd vs. Clifton C. Knorr, and to be sold as the property of Clifton C. Knorr.

WHITE & YOST, Att'ys. J. B. McHENRY, Sheriff.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned executors of A. J. Evans, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia Co. Pa., deceased, will expose at public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, '96,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain lot of land situate in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the intersection of Iron and Second streets of the aforesaid town of Bloomsburg, and running from thence by said Second street northeastwardly twenty-seven feet, one and one-half inches to line of lot of Sarah E. Evans; thence by the same south-eastwardly two hundred fourteen feet, six inches to Pine alley; thence by said alley south-westwardly twenty-seven feet, one and one half inches to said Iron street, thence along said Iron street north-westwardly two hundred and fourteen feet and six inches to the place of beginning, on which are erected a large three story

BRICK BUILDING,

fronting on Second, or Main street, and three FRAME BUILDINGS fronting on Iron street.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per centum of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute; and the remaining three-fourths in one year after confirmation nisi, with interest from that date.

ANDREW L. FRITZ,
ANDREW EVANS,
ANDREW L. FRITZ, Atty. Executors.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Mourey, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John Mourey, late of Mifflin township, deceased, have been granted to Henry Hetler, to whom all persons indebted to said estate, are requsted to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

HENRY HETLER,
B. F. ZARR, Esq., Atty. Executor. 12-27-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George Mourey, dec'd.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the executor of said estate, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, February 8, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

JOHN G. HARMAN, Auditor.
1-16-4t.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between C. B. White and J. W. Conner, at Orangeville, Pa. was dissolved on the 4th day of January, 1896, by mutual consent. The business will be conducted at the old stand, in the same line by J. W. Conner, who will collect all accounts and pay all bills of the firm.

C. B. WHITE,
J. W. CONNER.
1-9-4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary C. Gruver, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.

Letters of administration upon the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same will present them for payment, duly authenticated, and those indebted thereto will please make immediate payment to

JOHN M. GARMAN, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
1-3-6t*

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following property lately belonging to E. J. Kitchen of Bloomsburg, Pa., has this day been sold to the Bickford & Huffman Co. of Macedon, N. Y: 3 horses, 2 sets of harness, 3 buggies, delivery wagon, harrow, 2 desks, 3 chairs, stool, letter file, hay baler and book case.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Peacock's building, Market Square.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Peacock's Building, Market Sq.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST
WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBUKG, PA.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18. West Fifth
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE SPECIALTY
OFFICE HOURS. (8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P. M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG PA

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House
MARKET STREET
TELEPHONE.

HONORA A. ROBBINS, M. D.,
Office, West First Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: (8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office 2nd floor front, Lockard's Building, corner of Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Lockard's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Main and Centre.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,196,529	$1,000,608
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,585
Queen, of N. Y..	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,623
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	426,789
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,786

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor.
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop. Peter F. Reidy, Manager;
No. 121 West Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First class livery attached

Come and See Us.

Bring Your Feet With You.

We can fit them with up to date shoes.

W. C. McKINNEY,

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County, A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place. by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

Fine Hotel Property for Sale.

The old and well established hotel known as the Farmers' Hotel on Iron street is for sale on easy terms. This is one of the best paying stands in the Town of Bloomsburg. For particulars inquire of John S. Williams, auctioneer and real estate agent, office in 1st National Bank Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf.

For Sale.

A desirable house and lot. Corner lot about 50 x 80 feet, beautiful location, all modern improvements; will be sold at once Cheap for cash, or part down and balance to suit the purchaser; or part in exchange for other property.

For further information call on S. D. Neyhard, Building, Loan and Real Estate Agent, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-15-tf.

FOR SALE. First mortgage 6 per cent coupon bonds on new Carpet Mills. Security ample. Best equipped mill in Country. Bonds in denominations of $100 & $500 payable 1905. Interest payable April and October at First National Bank, Bloomsburg. Good investment. Apply to James Magee 2nd, Treasurer. 1 30 5t.

SALES.

February 8.—Charles W. McKelvy will sell valuable bonds and stock at the Court House at 2 o'clock P. M.

FEB. 15.—Andrew L. Fritz and Andrew Evans, administrators of A. J. Evans, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Bloomsburg, at 2 o'clock P. M., consisting of a large three story brick building, and three frame buildings.

March 10.—J. J. Davis will sell valuable personal property on the premises in Mt. Pleasant township near Canby, at 10 o'clock A. M.

FOR SALE:—A farm of 131 acres, between Lime Ride and Bloomsburg. Apply to J. S. Williams. tf.

FOR SALE.—A single phaeton in good condition. Also a Turkish bath cabinet, new. Inquire at this office. tf.

Houses for rent, from $3.00 to $12.00 per month. Apply 217 West 1st Street Bloomsburg Pa.

A house for rent on East First St., Bloomsburg, at $5 per month. Apply to Geo. E. Grimes, Light St. 1-23 tf.

House To Rent.

A good single house for rent. Inquire of W. H. Snyder, Bloomsburg.

For a Shave or Hair Cut.

For a good and quick shave or hair cut, go to James Reilly's tonsorial room in Exchange Block, first floor, next to Express Office. None but experienced workmen employed.

12-13-1yr.

The New York *World*, thrice-a-week edition, 18 pages a week, 156 papers a year. Is larger than any weekly or semi-weekly paper published and is the only important Democratic "weekly" published in New York City. Three times as large as the leading Republican weekly of New York City. It will be of especial advantage to you during the Presidential campaign, as it is published every other day, except Sunday, and has all the freshness and timeliness of a daily. It combines all the news with a long list of interesting departments, unique features, cartoons and graphic illustrations, the latter being a specialty.

All these improvements have been made without any increase in the cost, which remains at one dollar per year.

We offer this unequaled newspaper and the COLUMBIAN and *Farm News* together one year for $1.75

The regular subscription price of the three papers is $2.50.

The Army of the Unemployed.

Among those of our readers who are disposed to "seek the truth" there may perhaps be some who will volunteer an answer to the question so squarely put by Mr. Miller, "What shall be done with the unemployed?" on the second page.

We should be glad indeed to publish a complete and satisfactory answer to that most perplexing of questions, but unfortunately it is much easier asked than answered. There is altogether too much truth in the statements made by Mr. Miller to be at all pleasant to the reader.

It is a lamentable fact that in every section of our country the army of the unemployed is steadily increasing in numbers and in the intensity of its demands. We do not undertake to furnish an answer to this question, nor do we reproduce the answer which he himself gives, preferring to lay his query before our readers and await their reply.

It, however, is entirely safe to predict that if a satisfactory solution is not soon reached the question will be not, What shall society do with the unemployed? but rather, What will the unemployed do with our modern society?

The Mrs. Annie Thomas Concert Company will appear in the Opera House, Tuesday evening, Feb. 11th, under the auspices of the orchestra of the First Presbyterian Church. Lovers of music can not afford to miss hearing this strong company. The tenor and bass soloists of this company were the first prize winners at the World's Fair. The program will include solos, duets, trios, readings and cello solos. See hand bills.

Diagram at Slate's.

Man's View Of Marriage.

"IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE?"

It is not uncommon for men to bewail the fact that marriage so seldom means a real companionship—that man and wife are separated by difference of taste, of mental outlook, of general interest in life. It is perhaps even more common to hear women blamed for what is called breach of contract in the marriage relation. If the wife be delicate, run-down, nervous and irritable, if her smile and her spirits have taken flight, it worries her husband as well as herself. Even worse symptoms may follow—the woman suffers from sleeplessness and fainting spells, her head is in a whirl, her back aches, and she has that awful crowding-down feeling in the abdomen. It depends on the woman whether she will permit these troubles to continue day by day leading to a life of misery.

Thousands have been cured by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and why not you? A healthy woman is always interesting; she passes for a beauty because she is happy, and her good spirits are contagious. Good nature goes with health; irritability and peevishness with sickness.

Those who suffer from the derangements, disorders and diseases of the sex should remember that Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has, for over a quarter of a century, made the diseases of women a specialty. Send 10 cents (in stamps) to him, at above address, for his medical book on "Women and Her Diseases," (168 pages profusely illustrated with wood cuts and colored plates). It will be mailed to you *securely sealed in a plain envelope*. It contains photographs, names and addresses of a vast number who have been cured. You can correspond with them and learn how they cured themselves without having to consult a doctor.

ORDINANCE NO. 86

An Ordinance to Vacate that Portion of First Street, Westwardly of West Street.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same:—

Section 1. That the portion of First Street, Westwardly of the west line of West Street, and leading to the road or highway—leading from Second Street to the bridge across Fishingcreek, be and the same is hereby vacated.

Passed January 9th 1896.

S. C. CREASY, President.

Attest. R H. RINGLER, Sec'y.

The windows of the stationary store indicate the near approach of St. Valentine's day,

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association.

Edward B. Harper, Founder. Frederick A. Burnham, President.

FIFTEEN YEARS COMPLETED——

——ANNUAL MEETING AND REPORT.

The Largest and Strongest Natural Premium Life Insurance Companies in the World.

$69,000,000 of New Business in 1895.
$308,660,000 of Business in Force.
$4,084,075 of Death Claims paid in 1895.
$25,000,000 of Death Claims paid since Business begun.

1895 SHOWS—AN INCREASE IN GROSS ASSETS,
AN INCREASE IN NET SURPLUS,
AN INCREASE IN INCOME,
AN INCREASE IN BUSINESS IN FORCE,
OVER 105,800 MEMBERS INTERESTED.

The Annual Meeting of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association was held in the Association's Building, corner Broadway & Duane St., New York City, on Wednesday, January 22nd, and was attended by a large and representative gathering of policy holders who listened with keen interest to the masterly Annual Report of President Burnham.

Many policy holders evidently regarded this as a favorable opportunity to meet face to face the new chief executive officer of the Association, President Frederick A. Burnham, the man whose grasp of life insurance, whose keen executive ability and strong individuality have enabled him to take up the work laid down in death by the founder of the institution, the late Edward B. Harper, and make of the administration of his office of President, not an echo or copy of that of his predecessor, but a piece of finished work, characteristic of a man of independent views, and worthy to follow the work which had carried the Association to a position never attained in the same length of time by any life insurance organization in the world. It is rare, indeed, that a great institution like this passes, without check to its prosperity, through a change in the executive chief, for it is rare indeed that a chief like the late Mr. Harper finds so able a successor as President Burnham.

The record of the year 1895 speaks for itself, and shows the following gratifying results.

The GROSS ASSETS have increased during the year from $5,536,115.99 to $5,661,707,82.

The NET SURPLUS over liabilities shows a NET GAIN for the year of $306,329.43, and now amounts to $3,582,509.32.

The INCOME from all sources shows a gain for the year of $631,541.97, and amounts to $5,575,281.56.

DEATH CLAIMS to the amount of $4,084,074.92 were paid during the year, an increase over the previous year of $1,013,560.91.

The BUSINESS IN FORCE shows a gain for the year of $15,293,265, and now amounts to $308,659,371.

Counting three hundred working days in the year the daily average income for 1895 is $18,584.27; the daily average payments for death claims, $13,652.25, and the daily average gain in business in force within a fraction of $51,000.

☞Persons desiring insurance, an agency, or any other information concerning the MUTUAL RESERVE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION may apply to

E. D. LUDWIG, Supt.,

53 Downing Block, ERIE, PA.

2-6-6m.

Marking Ballots.

The voter in Bloomsburg is obliged to exercise unusual care in the marking of his ballots at the February election. This grows out of the peculiarities of the cumulative system of voting. The law is as follows: "Where a voter is entitled to cast more than one vote for a single candidate, he shall place in the square instead of a cross [x] a number which shall indicate the number of votes to be counted for the candidate whose name is so marked."

In order therefore to vote the ticket as nominated at the Tuesday night caucus you will prepare your ticket as follows: Place a cross [x] in the circle at the head of the column and then place the figure two [2] in the square after the names of Gorry, Kunkle, and Yost for council, after the name of Kleim for School Director and after the name of Knorr for constable and the figure one and one half [1½] after the names of Yost and Freeze for auditor. Such marking will make a complete, straight ticket as nominated at the Democratic caucus. You can divide your votes for councilmen as follows: Cast six for one man, three for each of two, two for each of three, one and one-half for each of four and one for each of six. For School director and constable you may cast two votes for one candidate or one for each of two. For auditor you may cast three votes for one, one and one-half for each of two or one for each of three.

But when you wish to distribute your vote in any other manner than we have indicated for a straight ticket you should not place a cross [x] in the circle at the head of the ticket. The cross [x] in the circle indicates that you desire to cast one vote for each candidate in the list where there is no number placed in the square. Thus you will observe; if I should place the cross [x] in the the circle and then place the figure six [6] after the name of Gorry, I would be casting one vote also for Kunkle and Yost which would be eight votes for Council, two more than I am entitled to and the board would be obliged to ignore the six and count only one for each candidate. Such marking would not destroy the whole ticket but only such portions of it where I had marked more votes than I am entitled to or where I had distributed them unlawfully, as for instance giving four votes to one councilman and two to another. A little care at this point will prevent any mistakes in the baliot.

Time is effacing the cock-sure feeling with which the Republicans regarded the political prospect some months ago. By the time the present Congress adjourns they will be wondering whether they have any chance at all of electing a President.

Venus, the Morning Star.

The planet Venus, "morning star," is plainly visible in the southeast from about 4 o'clock till after sunrise. It is the most brilliant of celebrated objects, exceeding even Jupiter in lustre. It is now approaching the greatest western elongation of its orbit, and viewed through a telescope of moderate power, it displays a semi-lunar phase.

DR. KILMER'S **SWAMP-ROOT**

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Dissolves Gravel,
Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pain in urethra, straining after urination, pain in the back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

Bright's Disease,
Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint,
Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder,
Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free- Consultation free.
DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

WE ARE NOT CRYING
because there are so many bakers and confectioners in Bloomsburg.

BUT WE ARE REJOICING
over the fact that the many customers who use our bread and cakes

YEAR IN AND YEAR OUT
have long since learned that they are the best. Our stock of Christmas candy is large and open for inspection. It is pure, and the price is right.

D. A. McGEE,
East Street Baker.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

Search the Universe.....

and you will not find another article on the market that has been so thoroughly "faked" as spectacles.

From the peddler who has nothing but "pebble" glasses to the specialist who charges fabulous prices for what he is supposed to know. The whole field has been worked. It will be refreshing to our customers to know that we are selling Glasses for what they are worth and furnishing skilled services because it is only our duty to understand the goods we sell and the requirements of our customers' eyes.

JUST RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF GOLD SPECTACLES AND EYE .....GLASSES.....

J. E. ROYS,

BLOOMSBURG, - - - PA.

THE **BROADWAY.**

1896 FEBRUARY SALE 1896

of Housekeeping Goods and General Merchandise

Ladies' fleeced ribbed vests, 20c., 24c., and 39c. each.
Children's white merino underwear, 6c. and up.
Blankets, 63c., 85c. and $1.56 pair.
Comforts, 59c., 69c. and 88c. each.
Whips, 8c., 12c. and 16c. each.
22c. table linen at 17½c. yd.
29c. table linen at 25c. yd.
50c. cream and bleached table linen at 39c. yd.
Wash rags, 2c. each.
Saxony yarn, 8c. ounce.
Mouse traps, 5c. each.
Rope clothes lines, 60 ft long, 12c. each
Brass bound carpenter's rules, 21c. each.
Mucilage, 3c. bottle.
Darning cotton, 10c. doz. cards.
Blue Denim, 12c. yd.
Gents' laundried white shirts with short bosoms, 69c. each.
Gents' linen collars, several different styles, 7c, 10c. and 11c. each.
Gents' link cuffs, 15c. pair.
Fringed table covers, 2 yds. sq., 70c. each.
Tin pie plates, 2c. each.
Flour sifters, 8c. each.
Full line of ribbons from 1c. to 29c. each.
New Idea Paper Patterns, 10c. each.
Machine oil, 3c. bottle.
Funnels, 3c. each.
Tin pudding pans, 3c., 4c., 5c. and 6c. each.
Japanese decorated butter dishes, 1c. each.
Knitting cotton, 2c. ball.

BROADWAY CASH STORE,

MOYER'S NEW BUILDING,

Main St., Bloomsburg, Pa.

☞TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

MUSIC

Hath charms, etc., sings the poet. Music is not only a pleasure but an education as well. Put one of our pianos or organs in the house and you'll be surprised what a refining influence it has. The cost is insignificant between now and the Holidays. We are offering great inducements in pianos, organs, and sewing machines:

Pianos from $250 and upwards.
Organs from $50 and upwards.
World renown White sewing machines from $35 and upwards.
Queen sewing machines we are offering at $25 dollars cash. Best sewing machine for the money in the market to-day.
Also guitars, banjos, violins, harmonicas, and everything in the music line. Best sewing machine needles, and o for all sewing machines. Pianos and organs tuned and repaired. Also all makes of sewing machines repaired.

J. SALTZER, Gen'l. Agent,

Main street below Market. BLOOMSBURG, PA

SHOES

To Please the family

Please the family

The very latest productions in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

All stylish. All useful. All low prices.

An opportunity to get just what you want at just what you want to pay price. Come and look at our new goods. They will verify our statements.

JONES & WALTER,

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